



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT 2025

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

CITY OF
ROCKWALL, TEXAS

385 SOUTH GOLIAD | ROCKWALL, TX 75087
WWW.ROCKWALL.COM | 972.771.7700

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2025**

Prepared by:

Finance Department

**Mary P. Smith, CPA
City Manager/
Director of Finance**

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

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City of Rockwall

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



City of Rockwall



City of Rockwall
The New Horizon

March 16, 2026

To the Honorable Mayor,
Members of the City Council,
And the Citizens of the City of Rockwall, Texas:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Rockwall for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, is hereby submitted in accordance with Section 7.18 of the City Charter. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. Fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds in the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Rockwall has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Rockwall's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that:

- (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and
- (2) The valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Rockwall's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects. The internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by City management.

The City of Rockwall's financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown & Hill, LLP., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Rockwall for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent

auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Rockwall's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the financial statements as required by GAAP. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Rockwall, Texas, county seat of Rockwall County, Texas was incorporated in 1874. Its name is derived from an underground rock wall discovered in 1852. The unusual rock formations are found throughout the county. The City is located on the eastern shore of Lake Ray Hubbard, 22 miles east of downtown Dallas on Interstate Highway 30. The Dallas/Fort Worth area is recognized as one of the top growth areas in the country. The Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport and Love Field in Dallas meet the air transportation needs of the region.

The City currently has a land area of approximately 30.09 square miles and an estimated population of 53,474.

The City of Rockwall adopted a home rule charter in 1985 which established a council-manager form of government. Charter amendments were adopted in 2005 and again in 2015. A Charter Review Commission was convened in 2025 and Council is considering their recommendations for a future Charter election. Policy making and legislative authority is vested in the City Council, which consists of a Mayor and six Council Members, all elected at large. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The mayor and six council members are elected to two-year staggered terms. The government is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

The City of Rockwall provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; planning and zoning, parks and recreational activities and general administrative services. Additionally, the City provides water and sewer services as an enterprise function.

Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities and are not part of the primary government's operations. The City of Rockwall is financially accountable for its component units. Accordingly, the Rockwall Economic Development Corporation (REDC) and Rockwall Technology Park Association are included in these financial statements and are explained in more detail in Note 1 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Rockwall operates.

Local Economy

The City of Rockwall is situated in the Dallas/Fort Worth Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area. With its concentration of commercial and retail development, the City of Rockwall has long drawn shoppers from surrounding areas. As the national economy began to improve over the last year, Rockwall's local economy benefitted from a mix of new businesses and the continued success of others. Rockwall saw an increase of 6.28% in our local sales tax revenues due to these improving economy. Rockwall is affected by the national economy and the slowing of retail purchases seen nationwide. The city has a varied tax base including a mix of residential, commercial and light industrial properties. The five- and ten-year average increases have been 8.25% and 6.89% respectively. Total property values rose by 8.59% for fiscal year 2025. The City's largest taxpayers are varied and include industry, retail developments, multi-family properties, and medical facilities. Tables in the Statistical Section provides further information on the principal taxpayers. The Rockwall Economic Development Corporation continues to successfully market Rockwall and assist companies looking to locate their business in the City. The year's highlights included:

- Rockwall Economic Development Corporation completed the development of more than 200 acres of raw land adjacent to their existing Technology Park which brought the land to the point of "shovel ready". REDC has been marketing the land and are drawing attention from companies across the country and into Canada.
- The Canadian company, Xerxes Corporation, opened a new state-of-the-art manufacturing location in Rockwall in a newly constructed spec space near the Rockwall Technology Park. The company has been in business for over 50-years specializing in spoolable pipe for the oil and gas industry.
- Chewters Chocolates broke ground on their first U.S. facility in the Tech Park as well. They are constructing a 225,000 square foot facility and expects to employ 120 people.
- Rayburn Electric – an electric cooperative continues to increase the footprint of their corporate campus with the addition of 68,700 square feet of additional office space and equipment storage facilities for very large emergency electric transformers.
- New retail development included the opening of Rally House and Pet Doctor in the I-30 retail corridor. Vidorra opened a new restaurant in the Harbor District near Trend Tower and The Finch is finishing up their tenant finish-out work with an early FY2026 opening expected.
- The City was able to acquire the former Methodist Church adjacent to the downtown square. It is on the National Register of Historic Places but had fallen into significant disrepair. The City intends to work on remodeling the property for a future arts-entertainment venue which will do well in proximity to the downtown restaurants and shops.

- With even greater historic significance, the owners of property near downtown on which the site of the original rock wall, well, and arch are located has donated the property to the city. The Council agreed to work toward unearthing the wall over several years, but first must perform geologic testing to ensure exposing it to the elements will not degrade the wall itself. This is the area where the three men were digging the well and found the unusual rock formation which became the name of the City and County. The wall was open to tourists for many years but was sealed up in the mid 1940's for safety reasons.

Long-term Planning

The City Council and staff recognize the need for long-range planning. It is the goal of the City government to provide responsible leadership, services, and infrastructure to achieve a safe environment and provide for a high quality of life.

Financial Policies

The City Council adopted financial policies in 2001 which have guided the City, allowing us to build a strong fund balance, and reinforcing the city's philosophy to budget conservatively for both revenues and expenditures. The general fund reserve policy is reviewed annually. The policy states the City should maintain no less than 3 months of reserves and will allow reserves in excess of 3.5 months of recurring operating expenditures to be transferred to a capital projects fund to be used to fund future projects. The City has maintained reserves at or above this level for many years. This allows the City to respond to emergencies or downturns while not overburdening the taxpayers. Reserves over the 3.5-month level were available to fund capital purchases in 2025.

Budget Overview

The City Manager proposes a balanced budget to the City Council each year by August 15. Public hearings are conducted to receive comments and priorities of the community at large. The City Council must adopt the operating budget and set the City's tax rate for the next year by October 1st of each year. By Charter, the Fund level is the legal level of budgetary control.

Capital Improvement Planning

Work continues on street rehabilitation projects approved by voters in May 2018. The reconstruction of West Boydston Avenue began late in the fiscal year and will continue into 2027 for completion. Lakeshore Drive north from SH66 to Masters Drive is in design for a full reconstruction project. Having performed a pavement assessment on all city streets and alleys a score has been assigned to each one. Staff then coupled the assessment data with traffic load data and drainage system assessments to choose the most impactful projects for the program. This data is periodically updated to keep the program effective. Construction work is being phased over several years to minimize the impact of the debt issuance.

Strategic Planning

The City Council initiated a full review of the City's Comprehensive Plan in order to guide future development as developers are studying the final large tracts of land in the city limits. A joint Council and Planning and Zoning Commission meeting was held to accumulate ideas on the plan and then a citizen committee has been meeting over the last many months to prepare the updated plan. This will be ready for public review and Council adoption in early 2026. The Council also plans to review the Downtown Plan following that effort.

Future Development

Transportation

The majority of the City's main thoroughfares are state facilities. TxDOT continues planning for the widening of SH205 in the three counties it serves. Construction work has been completed on the North segment of the roadway from SH-78 to our city limits. The City Council and staff worked closely with TxDOT to come to agreement to move the current SH205 to the existing John King Boulevard to the East. This change will allow the present course of SH205 to become a city street with the ability for traffic flow and speed limits to be managed by the City. The John King Boulevard work is fully funded by TxDOT and is projected to begin by 2027

TxDOT continues the construction of the expansion of I-30 which runs through Rockwall County and is the link between the eastern counties and Dallas. The project adds main travel lanes in both directions as well as three-lane service roads extending across Lake Ray Hubbard. Half of the new service roads have opened to traffic while the remaining portions should be open in late 2026. This has already begun to ease traffic issues when accidents occur on the main lanes. Work on the service roads through Rockwall's retail corridor is impacting businesses throughout the area.

The City is a member of a County-wide Consortium which allows County government officials to work with officials of each of the seven cities in the county to further transportation planning efforts. The Consortium meets bi-monthly to discuss planning and funding alternatives for projects. The County's bond initiatives allow funding for the advance planning and design of numerous major roadway projects. This allows the projects to be ready to commence as soon as state funding is available for construction. The County has committed funding to look at visioning of the design potential after the exchange occurs so the road can be more appropriate for a city street. This is important to maintain the unique features of our downtown area and residential areas. The County held a successful bond election in November 2021 to further their efforts to provide planning and engineering funds for state roadways throughout the County thus keeping the list of projects up to date. The work of the Consortium which allows projects to be designed and ready to bid when dollars are available is crucial in getting these new funds. Design work is underway on several of the 2021 bond election roadways which include several Rockwall priority projects.

Retail / Entertainment

“The Harbor” development is situated on the shores of Lake Ray Hubbard at I-30. The addition of hundreds of Condos has served to increase sales tax generation in the District by 22.2% in FY2025. The area’s full-service Hilton Hotel and Conference Center and Springhill Suites work closely with Visit Rockwall to bring conferences to our city. The State designated Rockwall as a Tourism Friendly City.

In conjunction with private development, the City established a tax increment financing (TIF) zone on an approximately 103-acre tract which allowed the financing and development of public open space to complement the development and allow citizens access to the Lake Ray Hubbard shore line.

The City designation as the “Free Live Music Capital of North Texas” by the Texas Legislature is supported by the more than 100 concerts at the public venues at the Harbor and San Jacinto Plaza in Downtown Rockwall along with larger concerts at Harry Myers Park. The Main Street Advisory Board and “Friends of Downtown Rockwall” citizen volunteer group along with our Recreation department work together to bring special events to the City. The many shops in the Downtown area provide a wide variety of shopping opportunities and vacancies are rare and filled quickly.

Utilities

The water and wastewater rates were increased for calendar year 2024. The City purchases treated water as a founding member city of the North Texas Municipal Water District. Retail water sales and sewer charges were relatively flat while wholesale customer sales increased by 9.6% and construction related revenues including impact fees increased by 31.3% over the prior period. The City’s water system is recognized with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality’s “Superior” rating.

The City actively works to acquire the right to serve annexed areas which are currently served by wholesale water supply corporations. It remains the City’s desire to be the water provider for all residents in our city limits.

Debt Administration: Two ratios traditionally used to analyze the debt structure of municipalities are presented below.

Outstanding General Obligation Debt at 9-30-25	\$62,100,000
Estimated Population	53,474
G.O. Debt Per Capita	\$1,663
Net G.O. Debt per Assessed Value	0.78%

The City seeks a bond rating update as new debt is issued. The current ratings are shown below:

	<u>General Obligation</u>	<u>Sales Tax (REDC)</u>
Standard & Poor’s Rating Group	AA+	A-
Moody’s Investor Service Inc.	Aa2	A1

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that is easily readable and efficiently organized. To be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, these financial statements must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. The City received the GFOA Certificate of Achievement for its financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the City's current financial statements meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the certificate for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of the City, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mary Smith CPA". The signature is written in a cursive style.

Mary P. Smith, CPA
City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

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in Financial
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**City of Rockwall
Texas**

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

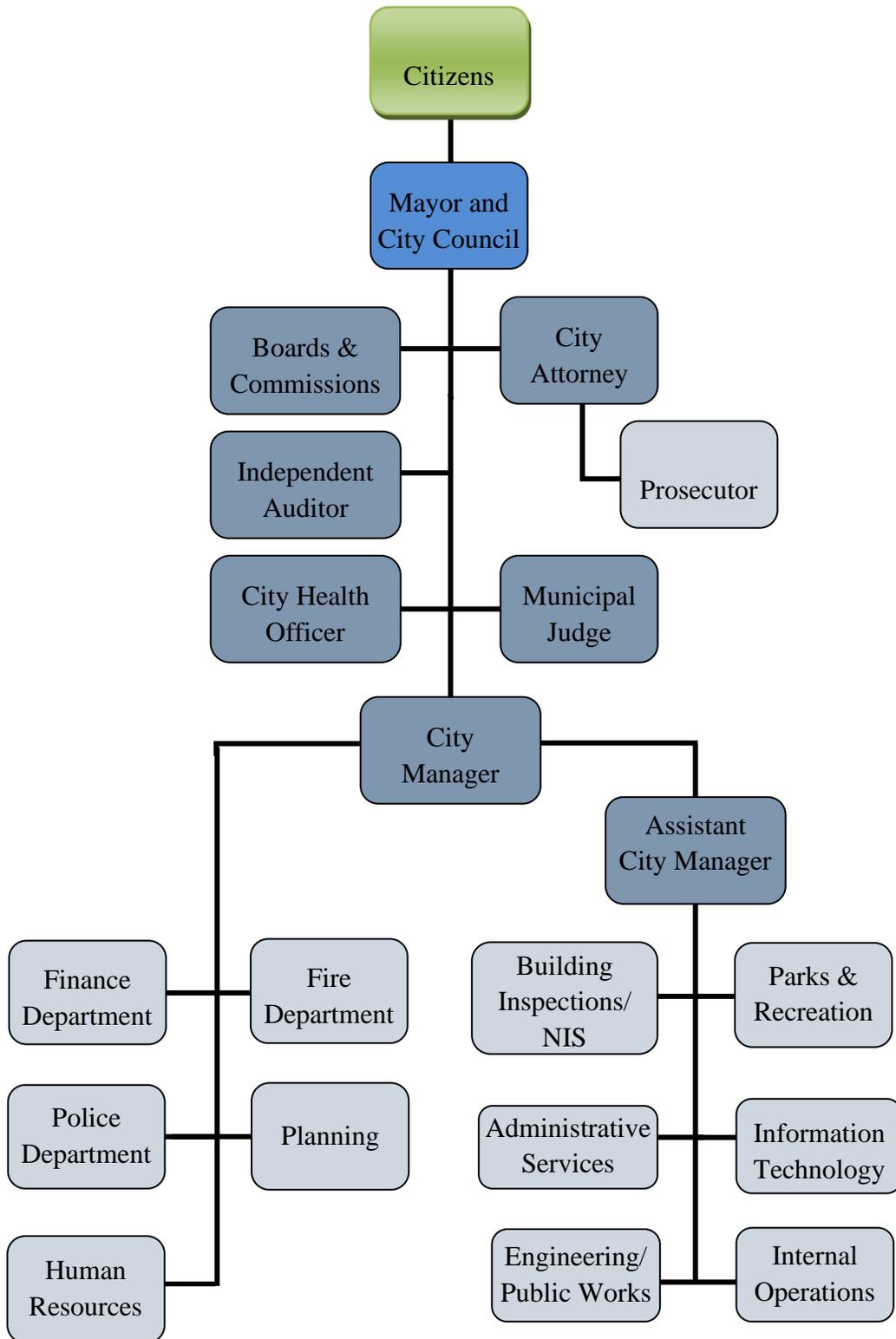
September 30, 2024

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF ROCKWALL

Organization Chart



CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2025

City Council

Tim McCallum, Mayor

Mark Moeller, Mayor Pro-Tempore

Richard Henson, Councilmember Place 1

Melba Jeffus, Councilmember Place 3

Sedric Thomas, Councilmember Place 4

Dennis Lewis, Councilmember Place 5

Anna Campbell, Councilmember Place 6

FINANCIAL SECTION



City of Rockwall



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor
and Members of City Council
City of Rockwall, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rockwall, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rockwall, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rockwall, Texas, as of September 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Rockwall, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As described in the notes to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2025 the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rockwall, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

OFFICE LOCATIONS

TEXAS | Waco | Temple | Hillsboro | Houston
NEW MEXICO | Albuquerque

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rockwall, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rockwall, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rockwall, Texas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 16, 2026 on our consideration of the City of Rockwall, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rockwall, Texas' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Rockwall, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas
March 16, 2026



City of Rockwall

**MANAGEMENT'S
DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**



City of Rockwall

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Rockwall (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$375,306,117 (net position). Of this amount, \$26,952,416 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the City's fund designation.
- The City's total net position increased by \$29,125,001, primarily caused by developer contributions of capital assets as neighborhood projects are completed.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$57,591,435. 49.75% of this total amount, \$28,650,182 (unassigned fund balance) is available for use at the City's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$28,661,954 or 53.59% of the total general fund expenditures. Sound financial management practices call for at least 25% of unassigned fund balance to general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The *governmental activities* of the City include general administration, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation. The *business-type activities* of the City include water and sewer and sanitation operations.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and the Transportation Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single aggregation presentation.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains two categories of *proprietary funds*-Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. Internal service funds are used to account for employee benefits and workers compensation. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements immediately follow the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund, and information concerning the City's net pension and total OPEB liability.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$375,306,117 as of September 30, 2025.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$330,964,208 (88.19%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position of \$17,389,493 (4.63%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$26,952,416 (7.18%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Total net position increased by \$25,212,978 or 7.20% from 2024. The explanation of these changes is provided in the Governmental and Business-type Activities as follows.

Governmental net position of \$210,366,322 increased by \$9,011,888 or 4.48% from 2024. This change is primarily due to the increase in operating grants and contributions related to the ARPA grant.

Business-type net position of \$164,939,795 increased by \$16,201,090 or 10.89%. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in capital grants and contributions. As the city experienced continued growth, new developments were built and the City received increased water and sewer line contributions from developers.

As of September 30, 2025, the City was able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The following table shows the condensed Statement of Net Position for the City for the current and prior fiscal years:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Current and other assets	\$ 66,406,213	\$ 75,781,238	\$ 20,808,333	\$ 24,241,098	\$ 87,214,546	\$ 100,022,336
Capital assets	231,517,501	223,416,189	177,180,617	157,132,613	408,698,118	380,548,802
Total assets	<u>297,923,714</u>	<u>299,197,427</u>	<u>197,988,950</u>	<u>181,373,711</u>	<u>495,912,664</u>	<u>480,571,138</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>7,576,943</u>	<u>9,198,366</u>	<u>1,830,819</u>	<u>2,067,673</u>	<u>9,407,762</u>	<u>11,266,039</u>
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	83,925,885	89,591,604	26,612,485	30,621,387	110,538,370	120,212,991
Other liabilities	9,269,683	16,725,667	5,995,777	2,328,154	15,265,460	19,053,821
Total liabilities	<u>93,195,568</u>	<u>106,317,271</u>	<u>32,608,262</u>	<u>32,949,541</u>	<u>125,803,830</u>	<u>139,266,812</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,938,767</u>	<u>724,088</u>	<u>2,271,712</u>	<u>1,753,138</u>	<u>4,210,479</u>	<u>2,477,226</u>
Net position:						
Net investment						
in capital assets	175,975,778	162,135,482	154,988,430	136,512,584	330,964,208	298,648,066
Restricted	15,378,689	14,526,785	2,010,804	2,233,298	17,389,493	16,760,083
Unrestricted	19,011,855	24,692,167	7,940,561	9,992,823	26,952,416	34,684,990
Total net position	<u>\$ 210,366,322</u>	<u>\$ 201,354,434</u>	<u>\$ 164,939,795</u>	<u>\$ 148,738,705</u>	<u>\$ 375,306,117</u>	<u>\$ 350,093,139</u>

Analysis of the City's Operations. The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the year ended September 30, 2025. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$12,645,477. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$16,479,524. Total revenues for governmental activities increased by \$16,340,021 to \$98,119,642 due to the increase in operating grants and contributions related to ARPA. Total expenses for governmental activities increased by \$6,205,834 to \$79,768,285 due to overall growth the city has experienced. This increase mostly by the increase in cost of personnel, specifically, employee benefit cost by approximately, \$6 million. Total revenues for business-type activities increased by \$895,567 to \$60,149,299 due to developer capital contributions of capital assets and impact fees. Total expenses for business-type activities increased by \$3,841,074 to \$49,375,655 due to the increase in cost of providing treated water and increased expenses as the regional wastewater treatment plant was updated.

The following table shows the condensed Statement of Activities for the current and prior fiscal years:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,888,769	\$ 4,798,023	\$ 43,268,876	\$ 43,564,540	\$ 50,157,645	\$ 48,362,563
Operating grants and contributions	11,610,738	3,445,111	-	-	11,610,738	3,445,111
Capital grants and contributions	16,865,599	11,637,654	16,056,053	14,746,446	32,921,652	26,384,100
General revenues:						
Property taxes	24,600,186	24,590,290	-	-	24,600,186	24,590,290
Sales taxes	29,132,659	27,410,743	-	-	29,132,659	27,410,743
Franchise taxes	3,828,089	3,777,385	-	-	3,828,089	3,777,385
Hotel occupancy tax	1,925,627	1,996,313	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	2,684,645	3,715,544	824,370	942,746	3,509,015	4,658,290
Miscellaneous	583,330	408,558	-	-	583,330	408,558
Total revenues	<u>98,119,642</u>	<u>81,779,621</u>	<u>60,149,299</u>	<u>59,253,732</u>	<u>156,343,314</u>	<u>139,037,040</u>
Expenses:						
General government	13,396,939	12,611,482	-	-	13,396,939	12,611,482
Public safety	36,991,015	32,966,849	-	-	36,991,015	32,966,849
Public works	14,341,622	12,898,784	-	-	14,341,622	12,898,784
Parks and recreation	9,404,249	9,221,787	-	-	9,404,249	9,221,787
Community development	3,034,980	2,914,209	-	-	3,034,980	2,914,209
Interest on long-term debt	2,599,479	2,949,340	-	-	2,599,479	2,949,340
Water and sewer	-	-	49,375,655	45,534,581	49,375,655	45,534,581
Total expenses	<u>79,768,285</u>	<u>73,562,451</u>	<u>49,375,655</u>	<u>45,534,581</u>	<u>129,143,940</u>	<u>119,097,032</u>
Increase in net position before transfers	<u>18,351,357</u>	<u>8,217,170</u>	<u>10,773,644</u>	<u>13,719,151</u>	<u>29,125,001</u>	<u>21,936,321</u>
Transfers	<u>(5,705,880)</u>	<u>1,064,155</u>	<u>5,705,880</u>	<u>(1,064,155)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Increase in net position	12,645,477	9,281,325	16,479,524	12,654,996	29,125,001	21,936,321
Net position, beginning	<u>201,354,434</u>	<u>192,073,109</u>	<u>148,738,705</u>	<u>136,083,709</u>	<u>350,093,139</u>	<u>328,156,818</u>
Restatement	<u>(3,633,589)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(278,434)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,912,023)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 210,366,322</u>	<u>\$ 201,354,434</u>	<u>\$ 164,939,795</u>	<u>\$ 148,738,705</u>	<u>\$ 375,306,117</u>	<u>\$ 350,093,139</u>

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$57,591,435. \$28,650,182 (49.75%) of this total amount constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending. The most significant restrictions include \$7,041,947 for debt service, \$1,337,257 restricted for public safety, \$8,586,095 restricted for capital projects, and \$2,118,625 restricted for tourism.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$759,500. This is primarily attributable to the City Council authorizing capital purchases from reserves, which was offset by the larger than expected increase in sales tax and construction related revenues that are reflective of the continued growth in the City's population and economy.

The Debt Service Fund’s fund balance increased by \$1,051,041, primarily due to an increase in property values and a decrease in debt service costs. This was offset by a decrease in the debt service property tax rate.

The Capital Projects Fund balance decreased by \$2,075,066, primarily as the city pursued the design of roadway rehabilitation projects from the 2018 bond election.

Proprietary fund. As mentioned earlier, the City’s proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Proprietary funds include business-type activity fund and internal service funds.

At September 30, 2025, the water and sewer fund had \$7,940,561 in unrestricted net position and total net position increased by \$16,479,524. The increase in net position was largely due to increases in capital contributions from the development of subdivisions in the City and the ongoing construction of sewer lines with ARPA funds.

At September 30, 2025 the Internal Service Funds had \$1,345,762 in unrestricted net position and total net position decreased by \$1,034,597 due to employee healthcare and workers’ compensation claims in excess of projections.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

During fiscal year 2025, the City Council of the City of Rockwall amended the budget to provide funding for several unforeseen projects and to recognize salary savings over the year, as well as increases or decreases in revenues when compared to original projections. With the adjustments made to the budget, the original budgeted expenditures of \$53,082,150 increased to \$53,460,400, while revenue estimates increased from \$55,098,000 to \$56,477,000.

General fund revenues ultimately were \$65,876,770, exceeding the budget by \$9,399,770 over the amended budget estimate, reflecting a greater than anticipated increase in permit revenues and other construction related fees as well as interest earnings and the recognition of ARPA revenues. Actual general fund total expenditures were \$53,486,090 or \$25,690 more than final projections. The primary cause of the expenditure’s overage was due to finally receiving several police vehicles ordered during previous budget years but received late in this budget year. The City ended the year with a fund balance of \$28,663,149, or \$759,500 more than the prior year. This is due to both the new lease recognition and receiving long planned but delayed police vehicles and two fire apparatus planned in earlier budget cycles.

Capital Assets

The City’s investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2025, was \$408,698,118 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, furniture, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

Capital Assets at Year-end, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Land	\$ 21,417,249	\$ 21,417,249	\$ 772,357	\$ 772,357	\$ 22,189,606	\$ 22,189,606
Buildings and improvements	21,096,422	20,294,301	106,767,932	109,713,676	127,864,354	130,007,977
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	8,722,048	9,828,592	7,436,456	7,739,885	16,158,504	17,568,477
Infrastructure	173,936,713	166,196,632	46,613,784	37,203,994	220,550,497	203,400,626
Right to use	3,511,765	3,974,050	-	-	3,511,765	3,974,050
Construction in progress	2,833,304	1,705,365	15,590,088	1,702,701	18,423,392	3,408,066
Total	<u>\$ 231,517,501</u>	<u>\$ 223,416,189</u>	<u>\$ 177,180,617</u>	<u>\$ 157,132,613</u>	<u>\$ 408,698,118</u>	<u>\$ 380,548,802</u>

Significant events related to capital assets during the year were primarily related to capital contributions relating to developers of subdivisions. In the governmental activities, drainage contributions of approximately \$7.2 and paving contributions of approximately \$8.8 million were made to the City. In the business-type activities, water line contributions made up about \$5.5 million in infrastructure additions and sewer line contributions made up about \$4.6 million in additions.

Additional information on the City’s capital assets can be found in Note C II of the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt of \$96,272,258. This represents a decrease of \$7,171,380 from the prior year due to continued principal payments without issuing any new debt in the current year.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Certificates of obligation	\$ 595,000	\$ 680,000	\$ 17,965,000	\$ 18,935,000	\$ 18,560,000	\$ 19,615,000
General obligation bonds	57,320,000	64,525,000	4,780,000	6,770,000	62,100,000	71,295,000
Financing arrangements	-	-	830,009	1,410,009	830,009	1,410,009
Leases	3,631,579	3,974,050	-	-	3,631,579	3,974,050
Premium on bonds	2,653,226	2,848,746	1,220,077	1,577,646	3,873,303	4,426,392
Discount on bonds	(71,987)	(85,928)	(11,055)	12,387	(83,042)	(73,541)
Compensated absences	6,930,707	2,613,913	429,702	182,815	7,360,409	2,796,728
Total	\$ 71,058,525	\$ 74,555,781	\$ 25,213,733	\$ 28,887,857	\$ 96,272,258	\$ 103,443,638

The City's bond ratings are "Aa2" by Moody's Investors Service Inc ("Moody's"), and "AA+" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P").

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note II D of the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2026 budget, tax rate, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. The City projected an approximate 6% increase in sales tax over FY2025 recognizing the impending opening of the first HEB Grocery in their eastern region along with the expected opening of IKEA in late Spring 2026. Other revenues were budgeted to be relatively flat in the coming year such as Franchise Fees. All revenue attributable to new construction projections reflect the new subdivisions approved in the past few years which are selling home sites now. The City continues to benefit from a Fire staffing grant which is reflected in the adopted budget.

The City of Rockwall's citizens enjoy above-average income levels per household. This combined with the City's proximity to major highways, and the Dallas-Fort Worth SMSA make Rockwall an attractive city in which to locate. The City prides itself on a quality school district and "hometown" atmosphere. The Rockwall Economic Development Corporation works to attract businesses with relocation incentives as well as business retention incentives such as workforce training opportunities. The City's unemployment rate was 3.5%, which was below national levels.

The City of Rockwall considered these factors when adopting the General Fund budget for fiscal year 2026. The budgeted revenues for fiscal year 2026 total \$58,587,000 for the general fund. Ad valorem tax revenue is determined by two factors, the total assessed value established by the Rockwall Central Appraisal District and the tax rate established by the Rockwall City Council. The property tax rate was increased to 25.75 cents per hundred dollars of assessed value due to provide funding for road rehabilitation projects and allow public safety salary increases to keep up with surrounding cities as we all compete for the same pool of applicants for these essential positions. This is the first property tax rate increase in more than a decade.

The City adopted written financial policies in 2001, which require that revenues and expenditures be projected conservatively. The policies include debt level guidelines. These policies were reviewed by the City Council in 2009 and certain provisions related to the City's fund balance were changed. The amended policy provides that the General Fund reserves should be no less than 3 months of recurring operating appropriations. In addition, the policies provide that should an audited fund balance at the end of the fiscal year exceed 3.5 months, the City Council may elect to transfer a portion to a Capital Projects Fund. The ending unrestricted general fund balance for 2025 provided approximately 6.3 months of reserves for the City. The 2026 budget does not anticipate any expenditure of reserves.

The 2026 budget expenditures did not include any new employees. Increases were funded in existing payrolls, employee health coverage, and the auto and property insurance as are being experienced across the state. The purchase of 9 new police vehicles was included as well.

A water and sewer rate increase is anticipated in the budget with those rates to be implemented by January 1, 2026. The water and sewer operations budgets continue to increase as the price to treat raw water supplies has increased each year. The Sewer operations budget includes the decommissioning (demolition) of the Squabble Creek Treatment Plant. This project has been years in planning and preparation.

Other projects anticipated in the City's budget includes the repair of the Boat Docks in the Harbor District due to extensive storm damage not covered by insurance. Having received the generous donation of land where the name-sake "rock wall" is buried, city staff will begin the process of geologic study. With the acquisition of the downtown Historic Church, we will also begin studying the maintenance and rehabilitation of that asset for a future entertainment venue. These will be projects with multi-year budget impacts.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. For more information, contact the City's Assistant City Manager/Director of Finance, Mary Smith at (972) 771-7701; City of Rockwall; 385 South Goliad Street, Rockwall TX 75087. Email: msmith@rockwall.com.



City of Rockwall

**BASIC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,836,037	\$ 7,654,995	\$ 54,491,032	\$ 89,875	\$ 10,000
Investments	11,093,255	-	11,093,255	19,540,987	-
Receivables, net:					
Taxes	6,452,577	-	6,452,577	1,498,302	-
Accounts	1,569,944	9,107,841	10,677,785	-	35,131
Accrued interest	55,898	-	55,898	-	-
Internal balances	167,930	(167,930)	-	-	-
Due from other governments	229,377	257,478	486,855	-	-
Inventories	1,195	360,097	361,292	-	-
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	2,844,498	2,844,498	-	-
Investments	-	750,987	750,987	-	-
Accrued interest receivable	-	367	367	-	-
Land held for sale	-	-	-	49,012,426	-
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	24,250,553	16,362,445	40,612,998	-	-
Depreciable, net	<u>207,266,948</u>	<u>160,818,172</u>	<u>368,085,120</u>	<u>4,702</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>297,923,714</u>	<u>197,988,950</u>	<u>495,912,664</u>	<u>70,146,292</u>	<u>45,131</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charges on refunding	-	1,007,163	1,007,163	292,756	-
Related to TMRS pension	7,467,543	811,763	8,279,306	98,014	-
Related to OPEB	<u>109,400</u>	<u>11,893</u>	<u>121,293</u>	<u>1,436</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>7,576,943</u>	<u>1,830,819</u>	<u>9,407,762</u>	<u>392,206</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	3,018,902	4,939,811	7,958,713	40,185	8,952
Accrued liabilities	1,580,413	106,886	1,687,299	24,739	-
Accrued interest	392,602	168,425	561,027	211,991	-
Unearned revenue	2,670,850	-	2,670,850	-	-
Developer deposits	1,606,916	-	1,606,916	-	-
Customer deposits	-	780,655	780,655	-	-
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year:					
Long-term debt and compensated absences	13,044,744	3,452,356	16,497,100	2,838,413	-
Total OPEB liability	13,779	1,498	15,277	181	-
Due in more than one year:					
Long-term debt and compensated absences	58,013,781	21,761,377	79,775,158	31,056,235	-
Net pension liability - TMRS	12,233,844	1,329,885	13,563,729	160,574	-
Total OPEB liability	<u>619,737</u>	<u>67,369</u>	<u>687,106</u>	<u>8,134</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 93,195,568</u>	<u>\$ 32,608,262</u>	<u>\$125,803,830</u>	<u>\$34,340,452</u>	<u>\$ 8,952</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Primary Government			Component Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to leases	\$ -	\$ 2,060,958	\$ 2,060,958	\$ -	\$ -
Related to TMRS pension	1,662,771	180,752	1,843,523	21,824	-
Related to OPEB	<u>275,996</u>	<u>30,002</u>	<u>305,998</u>	<u>3,622</u>	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 1,938,767</u>	<u>\$ 2,271,712</u>	<u>\$ 4,210,479</u>	<u>\$ 25,446</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$175,975,778	\$154,988,430	\$330,964,208	\$ 4,702	\$ -
Restricted:					
Public safety	1,337,257	-	1,337,257	-	-
Parks	5,223,917	-	5,223,917	-	36,179
Capital projects	-	1,259,817	1,259,817	-	-
Debt service	6,698,890	-	6,698,890	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	36,167,898	-
Tourism	2,118,625	750,987	2,869,612	-	-
Unrestricted	<u>19,011,855</u>	<u>7,940,561</u>	<u>26,952,416</u>	-	-
Total net position	<u>\$210,366,322</u>	<u>\$164,939,795</u>	<u>\$375,306,117</u>	<u>\$36,172,600</u>	<u>\$ 36,179</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Function/Program Activities	Expenses	Program Revenue		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Primary government				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 13,396,939	\$ 5,755,591	\$ 10,323,342	\$ 16,182,547
Public safety	36,991,015	260,824	1,262,945	31,561
Public works	14,341,622	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	9,404,249	872,354	-	651,491
Community development	3,034,980	-	24,451	-
Interest	2,599,479	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>79,768,285</u>	<u>6,888,769</u>	<u>11,610,738</u>	<u>16,865,599</u>
Business-type activities:				
Water, sewer and sanitation	49,375,655	43,268,876	-	16,056,053
Total business-type activities	<u>49,375,655</u>	<u>43,268,876</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,056,053</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 129,143,940</u>	<u>\$ 50,157,645</u>	<u>\$ 11,610,738</u>	<u>\$ 32,921,652</u>
Component units				
Rockwall EDC	\$ 4,849,915	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Technology Park	226,345	-	-	-
Total component units	<u>\$ 5,076,260</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

General revenues:
 Property taxes
 Sales taxes
 Franchise taxes
 Hotel occupancy tax
 Assessments
 Miscellaneous
 Investment earnings
 Transfers
 Total general revenues and transfers
 Change in net position
 Net position - beginning
 Restatement - change in accounting principle
 Net position - beginning, as restated
 Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue
and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government			Component Units	
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park
\$ 18,864,541	\$ -	\$ 18,864,541	\$ -	\$ -
(35,435,685)	-	(35,435,685)	-	-
(14,341,622)	-	(14,341,622)	-	-
(7,880,404)	-	(7,880,404)	-	-
(3,010,529)	-	(3,010,529)	-	-
(2,599,479)	-	(2,599,479)	-	-
<u>(44,403,179)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(44,403,179)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	9,949,274	9,949,274	-	-
-	9,949,274	9,949,274	-	-
<u>\$ (44,403,179)</u>	<u>\$ 9,949,274</u>	<u>\$ (34,453,905)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
			\$ (4,849,915)	\$ -
			<u>-</u>	<u>(226,345)</u>
			<u>\$ (4,849,915)</u>	<u>\$ (226,345)</u>
\$ 24,600,186	\$ -	\$ 24,600,186	\$ -	\$ -
29,132,659	-	29,132,659	9,551,362	-
3,828,089	-	3,828,089	-	-
1,925,627	-	1,925,627	-	-
-	-	-	-	239,289
583,330	-	583,330	4,459	-
2,684,645	824,370	3,509,015	807,198	-
(5,705,880)	5,705,880	-	-	-
<u>57,048,656</u>	<u>6,530,250</u>	<u>63,578,906</u>	<u>10,363,019</u>	<u>239,289</u>
12,645,477	16,479,524	29,125,001	5,513,104	12,944
<u>201,354,434</u>	<u>148,738,705</u>	<u>350,093,139</u>	<u>30,690,787</u>	<u>23,235</u>
(3,633,589)	(278,434)	(3,912,023)	(31,291)	-
<u>197,720,845</u>	<u>148,460,271</u>	<u>346,181,116</u>	<u>30,659,496</u>	<u>23,235</u>
<u>\$ 210,366,322</u>	<u>\$ 164,939,795</u>	<u>\$ 375,306,117</u>	<u>\$ 36,172,600</u>	<u>\$ 36,179</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,389,479	\$ 6,581,448
Investments	1,445,132	-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Taxes	4,590,167	66,627
Franchise tax	1,563,565	-
Fines	138,232	-
Grants	229,377	-
Accounts	127,055	-
Other	46,140	-
Accrued interest	6,029	-
Due from other funds	2,086,002	-
Inventory	1,195	-
Total assets	<u>35,622,373</u>	<u>6,648,075</u>
 LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	1,499,157	6,135
Seizures payable	-	-
Developer deposits	-	-
Due to other governments	175,925	-
Due to other funds	648	-
Accrued liabilities	1,580,413	-
Unearned revenue	2,670,850	-
Total liabilities	<u>5,926,993</u>	<u>6,135</u>
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	56,983	49,545
Unavailable revenue - fines and forfeitures	93,998	-
Unavailable revenue - franchise taxes	881,250	-
Unavailable revenue - assessments	-	-
Unavailable revenue - hotel tax	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,032,231</u>	<u>49,545</u>
 FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable:		
Inventories	1,195	-
Committed	-	-
Restricted for:		
Debt service	-	6,592,395
Capital projects	-	-
Parks	-	-
Public safety	-	-
Tourism	-	-
Unassigned	<u>28,661,954</u>	<u>-</u>
 Total fund balances	<u>28,663,149</u>	<u>6,592,395</u>
 Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 35,622,373</u>	<u>\$ 6,648,075</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GO Bonds Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 8,658,550	\$ 5,517,477	\$ 46,146,954
-	9,648,123	11,093,255
-	232,218	4,889,012
-	-	1,563,565
-	-	138,232
-	-	229,377
-	511,323	638,378
-	-	46,140
-	49,869	55,898
-	648	2,086,650
-	-	1,195
<u>8,658,550</u>	<u>15,959,658</u>	<u>66,888,656</u>
72,455	102,318	1,680,065
-	43,626	43,626
-	1,606,916	1,606,916
-	-	175,925
-	255,319	255,967
-	-	1,580,413
-	-	2,670,850
<u>72,455</u>	<u>2,008,179</u>	<u>8,013,762</u>
-	-	106,528
-	-	93,998
-	-	881,250
-	171,683	171,683
-	30,000	30,000
<u>-</u>	<u>201,683</u>	<u>1,283,459</u>
-	-	1,195
-	4,632,217	4,632,217
-	449,552	7,041,947
8,586,095	-	8,586,095
-	5,223,917	5,223,917
-	1,337,257	1,337,257
-	2,118,625	2,118,625
-	(11,772)	28,650,182
<u>8,586,095</u>	<u>13,749,796</u>	<u>57,591,435</u>
<u>\$ 8,658,550</u>	<u>\$ 15,959,658</u>	<u>\$ 66,888,656</u>



City of Rockwall

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

**RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Total fund balances - governmental funds \$ 57,591,435

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Internal service funds are used by the City's management for equipment maintenance and vehicle replacement. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included with governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position but are not included at the fund level. (1,345,762)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 231,517,501

Revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental fund financial statements was recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

Property taxes	106,528
Municipal court fines	93,998
Franchise taxes	881,250
Assessments	171,683
Hotel tax	30,000

Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements, an expenditure is reported when due. (392,602)

Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Also, the loss on refunding of bonds, the premium on issuance of bonds and deferred resource outflows (inflows) related to the net pension liability are not reported in the funds.

Bonds payable	\$ (57,915,000)	
Premiums and discounts on bonds	(2,581,239)	
Leases payable	(3,631,579)	
Compensated absences	(6,930,707)	
Net pension liabilities	(12,233,844)	
Total OPEB liability	(633,516)	
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions	5,804,772	
Deferred outflows and inflows related to other post-employment benefits	<u>(166,596)</u>	
		<u>(78,287,709)</u>

Net position of governmental activities \$ 210,366,322

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$ 15,743,506	\$ 8,303,870
Sales taxes	28,647,411	-
Franchise taxes	3,866,339	-
Hotel occupancy tax	-	-
Licenses and permits	2,266,674	-
Intergovernmental	11,501,475	-
Charges for services	1,562,591	1,267,324
Fines and forfeitures	683,201	-
Investments earnings	1,463,874	242,711
Miscellaneous	84,199	-
Contributions and donations	57,500	-
Total revenues	<u>65,876,770</u>	<u>9,813,905</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General government:		
Administration	6,352,988	-
Finance	1,017,155	-
Mayor/council	172,248	-
Municipal court	566,823	-
Public safety:		
Police	19,635,778	-
Fire	9,832,648	-
Public works	6,263,984	-
Parks and recreation	6,557,807	-
Community development	2,553,190	-
Capital outlay	-	-
Debt service:		
Principal	342,471	6,305,000
Interest and fiscal charges	190,998	2,457,864
Total expenditures	<u>53,486,090</u>	<u>8,762,864</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>12,390,680</u>	<u>1,051,041</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in	548,000	-
Transfers out	<u>(12,179,180)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(11,631,180)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	759,500	1,051,041
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>27,903,649</u>	<u>5,541,354</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 28,663,149</u>	<u>\$ 6,592,395</u>

GO Bonds Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 620,049	\$ 24,667,425
-	485,248	29,132,659
-	-	3,866,339
-	2,022,718	2,022,718
-	-	2,266,674
-	460,720	11,962,195
-	928,161	3,758,076
-	137,001	820,202
462,348	410,880	2,579,813
-	487,641	571,840
-	683,052	740,552
<u>462,348</u>	<u>6,235,470</u>	<u>82,388,493</u>
-	1,586,618	7,939,606
-	-	1,017,155
-	-	172,248
-	-	566,823
-	69,112	19,704,890
-	788	9,833,436
-	-	6,263,984
-	397,847	6,955,654
-	-	2,553,190
2,537,414	3,785,398	6,322,812
-	985,000	7,632,471
-	184,313	2,833,175
<u>2,537,414</u>	<u>7,009,076</u>	<u>71,795,444</u>
<u>(2,075,066)</u>	<u>(773,606)</u>	<u>10,593,049</u>
-	2,634,943	3,182,943
-	(2,034,643)	(14,213,823)
-	600,300	(11,030,880)
(2,075,066)	(173,306)	(437,831)
<u>10,661,161</u>	<u>13,923,102</u>	<u>58,029,266</u>
\$ <u>8,586,095</u>	\$ <u>13,749,796</u>	\$ <u>57,591,435</u>



City of Rockwall

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (437,831)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Internal service funds are used by the City's management for equipment maintenance and vehicle replacement. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(1,034,597)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays for the fiscal year.	22,000,404
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of loss from the sale of capital assets.	(136,904)
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(13,762,188)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on contractual obligations, bonds payable and leases are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	7,632,471
Certain expenses do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Premium on bonds payable	181,579
Accrued interest	52,117
Compensated absences	(683,205)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements.	(498,730)
Certain pension and other post-employment (OPEB) expenditures are not expended in the government-wide financial statements and recorded as deferred resource outflows and inflows. These items relate to contributions made after the measurement date. Additionally, a portion of the City's unrecognized deferred resource outflows and inflows related to the pension and OPEB liabilities were amortized.	<u>(667,639)</u>
Change in net position - statement of activities	<u>\$ 12,645,477</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
	<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u>	<u>Internal Service Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,654,995	\$ 689,083
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	9,107,841	747,194
Due from other governments	257,478	-
Due from other funds	-	1,184
Inventories	360,097	-
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,844,498	-
Investments	750,987	-
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):	367	-
Total current assets	<u>20,976,263</u>	<u>1,437,461</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable	16,362,445	-
Depreciable, net	<u>160,818,172</u>	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>177,180,617</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>198,156,880</u>	<u>1,437,461</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding	1,007,163	-
Related to TMRS pensions	811,763	-
Related to OPEB	<u>11,893</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,830,819</u>	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	4,939,811	1,119,286
Accrued liabilities	106,886	-
Customer deposits	780,655	-
Accrued interest	168,425	-
Due to other funds	167,930	1,663,937
Compensated absences - current	352,356	-
Notes payable - current	375,000	-
Bonds payable - current	2,725,000	-
Total OPEB liability - current	<u>1,498</u>	<u>-</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>9,617,561</u>	<u>2,783,223</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable	21,229,022	-
Compensated absences	77,346	-
Notes payable	455,009	-
Net pension liability - TMRS	1,329,885	-
Total OPEB liability	<u>67,369</u>	<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>23,158,631</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 32,776,192</u>	<u>\$ 2,783,223</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
	<u>Water and Sewer Fund</u>	<u>Internal Service Funds</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to leases	\$ 2,060,958	\$ -
Related to TMRS pension	180,752	-
Related to TMRS OPEB	<u>30,002</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>2,271,712</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	154,988,430	-
Restricted for:		
Debt service	1,259,817	-
Capital projects	750,987	-
Unrestricted	<u>7,940,561</u>	<u>(1,345,762)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 164,939,795</u>	<u>\$ (1,345,762)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN
NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$ 42,966,496	\$ 1,943,099
Miscellaneous	302,380	32,500
Total operating revenues	<u>43,268,876</u>	<u>1,975,599</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel services	3,987,285	-
Materials and supplies	1,480,878	-
Maintenance and repair	299,075	-
Contractual services	36,809,083	8,440,028
Depreciation	6,032,390	-
Total operating expenses	<u>48,608,711</u>	<u>8,440,028</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(5,339,835)</u>	<u>(6,464,429)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	824,370	104,832
Bond costs	(3,075)	-
Interest expense	(763,869)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>57,426</u>	<u>104,832</u>
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	<u>(5,282,409)</u>	<u>(6,359,597)</u>
Capital contributions - developer contributions	10,170,145	-
Capital contributions - utility relocation	2,392,530	-
Capital contributions - impact fees	3,493,378	-
Transfers in	7,309,630	5,325,000
Transfers out	(1,603,750)	-
Total capital contributions and transfers	<u>21,761,933</u>	<u>5,325,000</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	16,479,524	(1,034,597)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u>148,738,705</u>	<u>(311,165)</u>
RESTATEMENT		
Change in accounting principle	(278,434)	-
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING, RESTATED	<u>148,460,271</u>	<u>(311,165)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$ 164,939,795</u>	<u>\$ (1,345,762)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Water and Sewer Fund	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$ 43,727,337	\$ 2,601,324
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(37,223,351)	(8,002,355)
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	<u>(4,014,261)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>2,489,725</u>	<u>(5,401,031)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	7,309,630	5,325,000
Transfer to other funds	<u>(1,603,750)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>5,705,880</u>	<u>5,325,000</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(13,591,500)	-
Capital contributions - impact fees	3,493,378	-
Capital contributions - intergovernmental	113,773	-
Capital contributions - utility relocation	2,392,530	-
Payments on long-term debt	(3,540,000)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	<u>(1,153,905)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(12,285,724)</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and maturities of securities	264,210	-
Interest on investments	<u>796,761</u>	<u>104,832</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>1,060,971</u>	<u>104,832</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,029,148)	28,801
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	<u>13,528,641</u>	<u>660,282</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	<u>10,499,493</u>	<u>689,083</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	<u>(5,339,835)</u>	<u>(6,464,429)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	6,032,390	-
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(114,687)	(429,628)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources	236,854	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	1,349,575	437,673
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	16,110	-
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables	167,930	1,055,353
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	13,915	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(56,323)	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(330,095)	-
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	(4,683)	-
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	<u>518,574</u>	<u>-</u>
Total adjustments	<u>7,829,560</u>	<u>1,063,398</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u>2,489,725</u>	\$ <u>(5,401,031)</u>
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH CAPITAL ACTIVITIES:		
Capital assets contributed by developer	\$ 10,170,145	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



City of Rockwall

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Rockwall, Texas (the "City") was founded in 1854 and incorporated in 1874. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government as adopted by a home rule charter approved January 21, 1985. The City provides a full range of municipal services including public safety (police and fire), highway and streets, parks and recreation, health and social services, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition, the City provides water and sewer services as a proprietary function of the City.

The accounting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The criteria used are as follows:

Financial Accountability – The primary government is deemed to be financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Rockwall Economic Development Corporation ("REDC")

The Rockwall Economic Development Corporation ("REDC") is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors appointed, at will, by the City Council. REDC represents the City by promoting it as location for new business; it also acquires and develops land for that purpose. REDC collects a half cent sales tax to support its activities. The funds of REDC are composed of governmental fund types. Stand-alone financial statements for REDC as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 are not prepared.

Rockwall Technology Park Association ("RTPA")

The Rockwall Technology Park Association ("RTPA") provides repair and maintenance of the common area within the park being developed by REDC. RTPA's Board of Directors is composed of representatives of the landowners. At September 30, 2025, REDC owns the majority of the land and the Board is therefore composed of REDC board members. When the park becomes 75% or more owned by private landowners, it will become an entity independent of the City. Until then, it is controlled by REDC, a discretely presented component unit of the City. RTPA, is effectively controlled by the City through REDC and thus provides a potential financial benefit or burden to the City. The funds of RTPA are composed of governmental fund types. Stand-alone financial statements RTPA as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, are not prepared.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds.

As discussed earlier, the government has two discretely presented component units which are shown in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category; governmental and proprietary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The **G.O. Bonds Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the acquisition or construction of capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **Water and Sewer Fund** operates the water distribution system, and the wastewater treatment plants, wastewater pumping stations, and collection systems.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Internal Service Funds** account for employees' health insurance and workers' compensation coverage services provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects.)

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement focus and basis of accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, and proprietary financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund types consider temporary investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts
- Statewide investment pools
- SEC registered, no load money market mutual funds

Investments for the City are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools, which are reported at net asset value per share (which approximates fair value) even though it is calculated using the amortized cost method.

Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from component unit/primary government." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Inventories

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred, (i.e., the purchase method). The inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out method.

Land Held for Sale

Land purchased for sale is capitalized at acquisition cost or net realizable value, if lower.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of enterprise fund certificates of obligation are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art, and capital items received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

<u>Asset Description</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings	20 to 30 years
Bulding Improvements	20 to 50 years
Public domain infrastructure	20 years
System infrastructure	50 years
Equipment	3 to 10 years
Right-to-use equipment	3 to 10 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government only has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One example is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, fines and forfeitures and ambulance fees. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources can also occur at the government wide level due to differences between investment gains and losses realized on pension investments compared to assumption used within the pension actuarial valuation model.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums, discounts, and losses on defeasance are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Losses on defeasance are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Net Pension Liability is valued using an actuarial model and represents the difference between the plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability consistent with GASB statement no. 68. The portion of this liability presented as a current liability is based on actuarially calculations for estimated future payments of benefits and refunds over the twelve months following year end.

Assets acquired under the terms of leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Leases

The City has entered into various lease agreements as either the lessee and lessor. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessee. The City is a lessee for noncancellable lease of a parking lot, building, and office space. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the full accrual financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The leased asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Lessor. The City is a lessor in various arrangements allowing the placement of cellular towers or antennas on City property. The city initially measures the lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue on a systematic basis over the life of the lease.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement applies to the individual employers (TMRS cities) in the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits (SDB) plan, with retiree coverage. The TMRS SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) and as such the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. For purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the retiree portion of the SDBF is not considered a cost sharing plan and is instead considered a single employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary, calculated based on the employee's actual earnings on which TMRS deposits are made, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death. The death benefit amount for retirees is \$7,500. GASB No. 75 requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit OPEB (net OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position.

Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The City's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

- Restricted fund balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed fund balance represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (Council) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned fund balance represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and deferred revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation pay benefits up to specified limits. Sick leave is accrued at 6.67 hours per month. However, once an employee has accrued 120 days of sick leave, earned sick leave in excess of 120 days may be converted to vacation leave at a ratio of three days of sick leave to one day of vacation leave up to a maximum of 15 sick leave days per year. Upon termination, any accumulated sick leave over 120 days shall be converted to vacation leave at a ratio of three days of sick leave to one day of vacation leave to be paid to the employee in accordance with the vacation leave policy. Upon retirement from the City, all accrued sick leave shall be converted to vacation pay at a ratio of three days of sick leave to one day of vacation leave and shall be paid to the employee if he/she has 10 or more years of service to the City. Unused compensatory time for nonexempt employees is paid on termination. All accumulated vacation pay and sick leave that is more likely than not to be used is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer fund is charges to customers for sales and services. The water and sewer fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACTIVITIES

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits - State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U.S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. In addition, irrevocable letters of credit at 100% of the principal amounts of the deposits may be used to collateralize deposits. The City's deposits, as well as those of the City's component units, including certificates of deposit, were fully insured or collateralized as required by the state statutes at September 30, 2025.

As of September 30, 2025, the primary government had the following investments:

Investment Type	Reported Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)
US Treasury bills	\$ 5,982,510	891
External investment pools	<u>50,144,894</u>	82
Total reported value	<u>\$ 56,127,404</u>	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		168

As of September 30, 2025, the Rockwall Economic Development Corporation had the following investments:

Investment Type	Reported Value	Weighted Average Maturity (days)
Certificate of deposits	\$ 200,000	33
External investment pools	<u>19,340,987</u>	66
Total reported value	<u>\$ 19,540,987</u>	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		66

Interest rate risk: In compliance with the City’s Investment Policy, as of September 30, 2025, the City minimized the interest rate risk, related to current events market turmoil in the portfolio by: limiting the effective duration of security types not to exceed two years with the exception of securities purchases related to reserve funds; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities matured to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the secondary market prior to maturity; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio positions to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar government investment pools.

Credit risk: The City’s investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than “A” or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAA-m, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service.

Custodial credit risk – deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City’s deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of September 30, 2025, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City’s investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City’s safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

TexasRange

The "TexasTERM Local Government Investment Pool", doing business as the Texas Range Investment Program ("Texas Range"), was established by the Advisory Board as a governmental agency under Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and as a public funds investment pool under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. It is governed by the terms of a Common Investment Contract among the City of Austin, the City of Gonzales, and Lake Dallas Independent School District.

Texas Range consists of various Portfolios and series approved by the Advisory Board. It offers a series of professionally managed Portfolios that are available to municipalities, counties, school districts, special districts and other governmental entities in the State of Texas. These currently include the TexasDAILY, TexasDAILY Select and TexasTERM Portfolios. Multiple series may exist within a Portfolio. Participation in the TexasTERM Portfolio requires an open TexasDAILY or TexasDAILY Select account. Texas Range also offers the CD Purchase Program, under which Investors, who have a TexasDAILY and/or a TexasDAILY Select account, can purchase appropriate CDs directly from their issuers or via certain brokers. At September 30, 2025, the fair value of the position in both the TexasTERM and the TexasDAILY approximate fair value of the shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The TexasDAILY and TexasDAILY Select portfolios have received a AAmmf rating from Fitch Ratings ("Fitch").

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

	General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental	Water & Sewer	Employee Benefits	Totals
Property taxes	\$ 135,419	\$ 111,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 246,464
Sales tax	4,508,916	-	60,535	-	-	4,569,451
Franchise taxes	1,563,565	-	-	-	-	1,563,565
Municipal court	230,388	-	-	-	-	230,388
Assessments	-	-	171,683	-	-	171,683
Lease	-	-	-	2,186,493	-	2,186,493
Accounts	127,055	-	518,754	9,334,817	747,194	10,727,820
Other	275,517	-	-	-	-	275,517
Allowance	(146,324)	(44,418)	(7,431)	(2,413,469)	-	(2,611,642)
Totals	<u>\$ 6,694,536</u>	<u>\$ 66,627</u>	<u>\$ 743,541</u>	<u>\$ 9,107,841</u>	<u>\$ 747,194</u>	<u>\$ 17,359,739</u>

	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park	Total
Sales tax	\$ 1,498,302	\$ -	\$ 1,498,302
Other	-	35,131	35,131
Totals	<u>\$ 1,498,302</u>	<u>\$ 35,131</u>	<u>\$ 1,533,433</u>

Governmental funds report unearned revenue and deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Lease Receivable

The city has entered into multiple leases as lessor for the placement of cellular antennas on City property by multiple telecommunication companies. The lessees are required to make monthly payments ranging from \$1,500 to \$3,660.

A summary of the City's lease receivables as of September 30, 2025, is as follows:

Purpose of the Lease	Interest Rate	Amount of Initial Receivable	Current Year Interest	Amount Outstanding 9/30/25	Amount Due Within One Year
Cell towers	5%	\$ 2,578,958	\$ 138,717	\$ 2,186,493	\$ 268,061
Totals			<u>\$ 138,717</u>	<u>\$ 2,186,493</u>	<u>\$ 268,061</u>

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 21,417,249	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,417,249
Construction in progress	1,705,365	1,127,939	-	2,833,304
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 23,122,614</u>	<u>\$ 1,127,939</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24,250,553</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 59,804,428	\$ 3,417,987	\$ -	\$ 63,222,415
Machinery and equipment	27,691,943	1,329,431	(149,369)	28,872,005
Infrastructure	316,128,168	16,125,047	-	332,253,215
Right-of-use equipment	4,397,573	-	-	4,397,573
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 408,022,112</u>	<u>\$ 20,872,465</u>	<u>\$ (149,369)</u>	<u>\$ 428,745,208</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (39,510,127)	\$ (2,615,867)	\$ -	\$ (42,125,994)
Machinery and equipment	(17,863,352)	(2,299,072)	12,465	(20,149,959)
Infrastructure	(149,931,536)	(8,384,964)	-	(158,316,500)
Right-of-use equipment	(423,522)	(462,285)	-	(885,807)
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ (207,728,537)</u>	<u>\$ (13,762,188)</u>	<u>\$ 12,465</u>	<u>\$ (221,478,260)</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 200,293,575</u>	<u>\$ 7,110,277</u>	<u>\$ (136,904)</u>	<u>\$ 207,266,948</u>
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 223,416,189</u>	<u>\$ 8,238,216</u>	<u>\$ (136,904)</u>	<u>\$ 231,517,501</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 2,568,106
Public safety	2,047,807
Public works	7,388,448
Parks and recreation	1,749,972
Community development	7,855
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 13,762,188</u>

A summary of changes in business-type activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 772,357	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 772,357
Construction in progress	1,702,701	14,798,241	(910,854)	15,590,088
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>\$ 2,475,058</u>	<u>\$ 14,798,241</u>	<u>\$ (910,854)</u>	<u>\$ 16,362,445</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 160,138,703	\$ 15,570	\$ -	\$ 160,154,273
Machinery and equipment	15,938,524	942,464	-	16,880,988
Infrastructure	47,412,757	10,324,119	910,854	58,647,730
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 223,489,984</u>	<u>\$ 11,282,153</u>	<u>\$ 910,854</u>	<u>\$ 235,682,991</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (50,425,027)	\$ (2,961,314)	\$ -	\$ (53,386,341)
Machinery and equipment	(8,198,639)	(1,245,893)	-	(9,444,532)
Infrastructure	(10,208,763)	(1,825,183)	-	(12,033,946)
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ (68,832,429)</u>	<u>\$ (6,032,390)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (74,864,819)</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 154,657,555</u>	<u>\$ 5,249,763</u>	<u>\$ 910,854</u>	<u>\$ 160,818,172</u>
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 157,132,613</u>	<u>\$ 20,048,004</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 177,180,617</u>

Depreciation was charged to business-type activities as follows:

Water and sewer	\$ 6,032,390
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 6,032,390</u>

A summary of changes in component unit (Rockwall EDC) capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 63,579	\$ 2,227	\$ -	\$ 65,806
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>63,579</u>	<u>2,227</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>65,806</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Furniture and fixtures	(55,909)	(5,195)	-	(61,104)
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>(55,909)</u>	<u>(5,195)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(61,104)</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>7,670</u>	<u>(2,968)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,702</u>
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 7,670</u>	<u>\$ (2,968)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,702</u>

Depreciation was charged to the following activities as follows:

Rockwall EDC	\$ 5,195
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 5,195</u>

Rockwall EDC maintains land held for sale and utilizes it for various economic development incentive agreements. The land is classified as land held for sale on the Statement of Net Position. During the year, Rockwall EDC acquired \$916,836 worth of land assets and sold \$1,309,731 worth of land assets. The total acquisition cost of land held for sale amounted to \$49,012,426 as of September 30, 2025.

D. Long-term Liabilities

From time to time, the City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of obligations to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds and certificates of obligation have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. The certificates of obligation will be repaid by the debt service fund in combination with system revenues. The City did not issue any new bonded debt in fiscal year 2025.

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2025:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 64,525,000	\$ -	\$ (7,205,000)	\$ 57,320,000	\$ 6,895,000
Certificate of obligation bonds	680,000	-	(85,000)	595,000	90,000
Bond discounts	(85,928)	-	13,941	(71,987)	-
Bond premiums	2,848,746	-	(195,520)	2,653,226	-
Compensated absences	6,247,502	683,205	-	6,930,707	5,683,180
Leases payable	<u>3,974,050</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(342,471)</u>	<u>3,631,579</u>	<u>376,564</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 78,189,370</u>	<u>\$ 683,205</u>	<u>\$ (7,814,050)</u>	<u>\$ 71,058,525</u>	<u>\$ 13,044,744</u>
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,770,000	\$ -	\$ (1,990,000)	\$ 4,780,000	\$ 1,785,000
Certificate of obligation bonds	18,935,000	-	(970,000)	17,965,000	940,000
Bond discounts	(12,389)	-	1,332	(11,057)	-
Bond premiums	1,577,646	-	(357,567)	1,220,079	-
Compensated absences	486,025	-	(56,323)	429,702	352,356
Note payables	<u>1,410,009</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(580,000)</u>	<u>830,009</u>	<u>375,000</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 29,166,291</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,952,558)</u>	<u>\$ 25,213,733</u>	<u>\$ 3,452,356</u>

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retired	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Component unit (Rockwall EDC):					
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,695,000	\$ -	\$ (1,065,000)	\$ 2,630,000	\$ 1,105,000
Certificate of obligation bonds	31,360,000	-	(1,635,000)	29,725,000	1,705,000
Bond discounts	(23,665)	-	2,988	(20,677)	-
Bond premiums	1,623,980	-	(98,305)	1,525,675	-
Compensated absences	<u>54,984</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(20,334)</u>	<u>34,650</u>	<u>28,413</u>
Total component unit	<u>\$ 36,710,299</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,815,651)</u>	<u>\$ 33,894,648</u>	<u>\$ 2,838,413</u>

In the schedules above, compensated absences are reported net of increases and decreases.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. The City intends to retire all of its general long-term liabilities, plus accrued interest, from property taxes and other current revenues from the debt service fund as has been done in prior years. The proprietary fund type long-term debt will be repaid, plus accrued interest, from operating revenues of the respective fund.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest Rate %	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Outstanding
Governmental activities:				
General obligation bonds:				
Series 2013	2-5	08/01/33	\$ 7,905,000	\$ 3,920,000
Series 2015	1.79	08/01/26	2,340,000	245,000
Series 2016	2-5	08/01/37	59,220,000	27,105,000
Series 2023	4-5	08/01/42	<u>32,060,000</u>	<u>26,050,000</u>
Total general obligation bonds			<u>101,525,000</u>	<u>57,320,000</u>
Certificates of obligation:				
Series 2011B	2-5.3	08/01/31	<u>1,330,000</u>	<u>595,000</u>
Total certificates of obligation			<u>1,330,000</u>	<u>595,000</u>
Total governmental bonds			<u>\$ 102,855,000</u>	<u>\$ 57,915,000</u>
Business-type activities:				
General obligation bonds:				
Series 2016	2-5	08/01/37	\$ <u>15,550,000</u>	\$ <u>4,780,000</u>
Total general obligation bonds			<u>15,550,000</u>	<u>4,780,000</u>
Certificates of obligation:				
Series 2013	2-4.375	08/01/33	3,480,000	1,705,000
Series 2016	2-5	08/01/37	5,570,000	2,540,000
Series 2023	4-5	08/01/42	<u>15,510,000</u>	<u>13,720,000</u>
Total certificates of obligation			<u>24,560,000</u>	<u>17,965,000</u>
Total business-type bonds			<u>\$ 40,110,000</u>	<u>\$ 22,745,000</u>
Component unit:				
General obligation bonds:				
Series 2015	1.79	08/01/33	\$ 3,565,000	\$ 380,000
Series 2016	2-5	08/01/33	3,585,000	1,250,000
Series 2017	3	08/01/39	<u>3,165,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
Total general obligation bonds			<u>10,315,000</u>	<u>2,630,000</u>
Certificates of obligation:				
Series 2013	2-4.375	08/01/33	\$ 7,610,000	\$ 3,740,000
Series 2020	3-3.15	08/01/39	9,780,000	7,860,000
Series 2023	4-5	08/01/42	<u>20,495,000</u>	<u>18,125,000</u>
Total certificates of obligation			<u>37,885,000</u>	<u>29,725,000</u>
Total component unit bonds			<u>\$ 48,200,000</u>	<u>\$ 32,355,000</u>

The annual requirements for the City and Component Unit's outstanding bonds are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Governmental Activities					
	Certificate of Obligation		General Obligation Bonds		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 90,000	\$ 30,025	\$ 6,895,000	\$ 2,289,773	\$ 6,985,000	\$ 2,319,798
2027	95,000	25,705	5,550,000	1,967,138	5,645,000	1,992,843
2028	95,000	21,145	5,210,000	1,784,038	5,305,000	1,805,183
2029	100,000	16,395	4,625,000	1,599,350	4,725,000	1,615,745
2030	105,000	11,395	3,980,000	1,424,681	4,085,000	1,436,076
2031-2035	110,000	5,830	17,710,000	4,830,206	17,820,000	4,836,036
2036-2040	-	-	9,810,000	1,776,550	9,810,000	1,776,550
2041-2042	-	-	<u>3,540,000</u>	<u>213,800</u>	<u>3,540,000</u>	<u>213,800</u>
	<u>\$ 595,000</u>	<u>\$ 110,495</u>	<u>\$ 57,320,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,885,536</u>	<u>\$ 57,915,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,996,031</u>

Year ending September 30,	Business-Type Activities					
	Certificate of Obligation		General Obligation Bonds		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 940,000	\$ 773,156	\$ 1,785,000	\$ 166,925	\$ 2,725,000	\$ 940,081
2027	985,000	732,406	1,875,000	77,675	2,860,000	810,081
2028	1,025,000	689,656	1,120,000	30,800	2,145,000	720,456
2029	1,070,000	645,106	-	-	1,070,000	645,106
2030	1,115,000	597,981	-	-	1,115,000	597,981
2031-2035	5,860,000	2,212,963	-	-	5,860,000	2,212,963
2036-2040	4,780,000	1,036,150	-	-	4,780,000	1,036,150
2041-2042	<u>2,190,000</u>	<u>132,200</u>	-	-	<u>2,190,000</u>	<u>132,200</u>
	<u>\$ 17,965,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,819,618</u>	<u>\$ 4,780,000</u>	<u>\$ 275,400</u>	<u>\$ 22,745,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,095,018</u>

Year ending September 30,	Component Unit					
	Certificate of Obligation		General Obligation Bonds		Total	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 1,705,000	\$ 1,221,088	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 79,127	\$ 2,810,000	\$ 1,300,215
2027	1,775,000	1,151,688	755,000	42,575	2,530,000	1,194,263
2028	1,845,000	1,079,338	770,000	22,025	2,615,000	1,101,363
2029	1,925,000	1,004,038	-	-	1,925,000	1,004,038
2030	2,005,000	924,200	-	-	2,005,000	924,200
2031-2035	9,495,000	3,324,594	-	-	9,495,000	3,324,594
2036-2040	8,080,000	1,509,011	-	-	8,080,000	1,509,011
2041-2042	<u>2,895,000</u>	<u>174,800</u>	-	-	<u>2,895,000</u>	<u>174,800</u>
	<u>\$ 29,725,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,388,757</u>	<u>\$ 2,630,000</u>	<u>\$ 143,727</u>	<u>\$ 32,355,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,532,484</u>

Leases Payable

A summary of leases payable as of September 30, 2025, are as follows:

Purpose of the Lease	Interest Rate	Amount of Initial Liability	Current Year Interest	Amount Outstanding 9/30/25	Amount Due Within One Year
Parking lot and building	5%	\$ 317,455	\$ 8,973	\$ 167,990	\$ 22,102
Parking lot	5%	161,920	6,756	120,914	30,097
Office space	5%	3,750,316	170,763	3,270,761	289,305
Copiers	5%	167,882	4,506	71,914	35,060
Totals			<u>\$ 190,998</u>	<u>\$ 3,631,579</u>	<u>\$ 376,564</u>

Principal and interest payments to maturity are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Lease Payable	
	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 376,564	\$ 173,105
2027	413,063	153,450
2028	413,705	132,787
2029	420,658	111,681
2030	441,996	90,411
2031-2034	<u>1,565,593</u>	<u>128,871</u>
	<u>\$ 3,631,579</u>	<u>\$ 790,305</u>

Notes Payable

A summary of notes payable as of September 30, 2025, are as follows:

Purpose of the Finance Purchase	Interest Rate	Amount of Initial Liability	Current Year Interest	Amount Outstanding 9/30/25	Amount Due Within One Year
Various equipment	4.5-4.75%	\$ 2,145,000	\$ 14,720	\$ 165,000	\$ 165,000
Various equipment	3.5-5.75%	2,965,000	49,737	665,009	210,000
			<u>\$ 64,457</u>	<u>\$ 830,009</u>	<u>\$ 375,000</u>

Note payable principal and interest to maturity are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Financing Arrangements	
	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 375,000	\$ 45,827
2027	220,000	26,163
2028	235,009	13,513
	<u>\$ 830,009</u>	<u>\$ 85,503</u>

E. Interfund Balances and Activity

The composition of interfund balances as of the year end were as follows:

Receivable fund:	Payable fund:				Total
	General	Internal Service	Nonmajor Governmental	Water and Sewer	
General	\$ -	\$ 1,662,753	\$ 255,319	\$ 167,930	\$ 2,086,002
Nonmajor governmental funds	648	-	-	-	648
Internal service	-	1,184	-	-	1,184
Total	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 1,663,937</u>	<u>\$ 255,319</u>	<u>\$ 167,930</u>	<u>\$ 2,087,834</u>

Interfund balances resulted from the timing difference between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be paid in the subsequent year.

Transfers during the fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer In:	Transfers Out:			Total
	General	Water and Sewer	Nonmajor Governmental	
General	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 48,000	\$ 548,000
Water and sewer	7,309,630	-	-	7,309,630
Nonmajor governmental funds	619,550	28,750	1,986,643	2,634,943
Internal service funds	4,250,000	1,075,000	-	5,325,000
Total	<u>\$ 12,179,180</u>	<u>\$ 1,603,750</u>	<u>\$ 2,034,643</u>	<u>\$ 15,817,573</u>

Transfers totaling \$2.6 million were made to nonmajor governmental funds to support approved capital purchases. Due to higher-than-expected claims in the internal service funds, the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund made transfers totaling \$5.3 million to cover these costs. This was originally budgeted to be \$4.4 million but was increased as claims experience trended upward. Furthermore, transfers between the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund were made to help finance ongoing operations. Additionally, a transfer of \$48,000 from a nonmajor fund to the General Fund was allocated to support a portion of police capital expenditures.

F. Committed Fund Balance

Committed fund balance at year end in the non-major governmental funds was as follows:

	<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>
Public safety	\$ 291,627
Public works	738,012
Parks and recreation	1,718,840
Capital projects	379,954
Capital acquisitions	<u>1,503,784</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,632,217</u>

G. North Texas Municipal Water District

The District is a conservation and reclamation district and political subdivision of the State of Texas, created and functioning under Chapter 62, Acts of 1951, 52nd Legislature, Regular Session, as amended, originally compiled as Vernon's Article 8270-141 (the "Act"), pursuant to Article 16, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The District comprises all of the territory of its member cities, viz., Allen, Garland, Princeton, Plano, Mesquite, Wylie, Rockwall, Farmersville, McKinney, Richardson, Forney, Royse City, and Frisco (the "Member Cities"). The District was created for the purpose of providing a source of water supply for municipal, domestic and industrial use and for the treatment, processing, and transportation of such water to its Member Cities and to its other customers located in North Central Texas, all within the Dallas Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Under the Act, including specifically Section 27 thereof, and under the Constitution and Statutes of the State of Texas, the District has broad powers to: (1) impound, control, store, preserve, treat, transmit and use storm and flood water, the water of rivers and streams, and underground water for irrigation, power and all other useful purposes and to supply water for municipal, domestic, power, industrial and commercial uses and purposes and all other beneficial uses and purposes; and (2) collect, transport, process, treat, dispose of, and control all municipal, domestic, industrial or commercial waste whether in fluid, solid or composite state, including specifically the control, abatement or reduction of all types of pollution. The City retains no ongoing financial interest, equity investments, and/or responsibilities for the District other than the contractual arrangements discussed more fully herein.

The District has long-term contracts with the City to supply treated water and sewer treatment. The City's water contract with the District provides that the City pay a predetermined annual amount for treated water in twelve monthly installments. The amount of this annual payment is based upon an annually established rate per thousand gallons and the largest annual amount of water consumption of past years. The City owns one sewage treatment facility, Squabble Creek, and in 1978 entered into an agreement with the District for the construction of a second facility, Buffalo Creek. Under the terms of this agreement, the District issued contractually secured bonds in its name to construct and operate this sewage disposal plant for the City. In subsequent years, similar contractual agreements have been made to enable the District to expand the sewage treatment facilities and continue to provide sewage treatment services to the City. Under the terms of these contracts, the City's payments, which began when the facilities were first utilized, are equal to the operating and maintenance expenses for the next ensuing calendar year, as shown in the annual budget. The contracts further provide that the debt service payments will be equal to the principal and/or interest coming due on the bonds on the next succeeding interest payment date, plus the fees and charges of the paying agent and the registrar.

These contractual obligations have been included as lease obligations in amounts equal to the bonds outstanding under these agreements. Accordingly, the related assets have been capitalized and are being depreciated over the estimated life of the facilities.

The outstanding principal balance on the debt issues as of September 30, 2025, is \$830,009. See Note IV.D. for the annual requirements to amortize the bonds as of September 30, 2025.

With respect to the ground storage reservoir discussed above, prior to the current year, the Cities of Rockwall and Heath were contractually obligated to make timely payments to the District representing 66.67% and 33.33%, respectively, of the related operating expenses and debt service payments.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures.

The City uses a medical self-insurance fund to pay medical and dental claims of City employees and their covered dependents and minimize the total cost of annual medical insurance to the City. Medical claims in any one year exceeding \$105,000 per covered individual, or approximately \$5,806,964 in the aggregate for the group, are covered through a private insurance carrier. Additionally, life insurance policy premiums for each employee are paid through the fund. The self-insurance fund is funded by operating transfers from other funds and charges to employees for extended benefits at their option. The City does not believe there are material claims incurred but not reported as of September 30, 2025.

The City uses a Self-Insurance and Risk Management Program (as permitted by law and its home rule charter) to insure itself against the various risks of liability or loss to which it is exposed, either through an insurance provider or through a defined self-insurance program. The City issued certificates of obligation, based on an actuarial analysis, to fund a self-insured workers' compensation plan. Under this plan, workers' compensation insurance is provided in accordance with state statutes to all City employees. To protect the assets of the plan from a catastrophic claim, the City has purchased stop loss coverage in the amount of \$100,000 per occurrence, with a maximum City liability of \$300,000 per year.

The Workers' Compensation Fund (an internal service fund) accounts for the activity of this plan. The City establishes claim liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims reported but unsettled and of claims incurred but not reported. Any claims incurred and not reported are not believed to be significant to the City's financial statements.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Employee Benefits		Workers' Compensation	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Claims payable:				
Beginning of the year	\$ 585,470	\$ 452,009	\$ 96,143	\$ 123,766
Claims incurred	7,086,412	6,313,701	365,330	89,320
Payment on claims	<u>(6,761,739)</u>	<u>(6,180,240)</u>	<u>(252,330)</u>	<u>(116,943)</u>
End of the year	<u>\$ 910,143</u>	<u>\$ 585,470</u>	<u>\$ 209,143</u>	<u>\$ 96,143</u>

Commercial insurance is purchased for the other risks of loss to which the City is exposed. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage and settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

The City is involved in lawsuits with other parties from time to time. While the ultimate result of these matters cannot be predicted with certainty, the City does not expect them to have a materially adverse effect on the basic financial statements.

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City of Rockwall participates as one of 942 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS’s defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tmr.com.

Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee’s contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of seven payments options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member’s deposits and interest. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

Employee deposit rate	7%
Matching ratio (City to employee)	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5
Service retirement eligibility	20 years to any age, 5 years at age 60 and above
Updated service credit	100% repeating transfers
Annual increase to retirees	70% of CIP, repeating

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2024, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	158
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	150
Active employees	<u>331</u>
Total	<u><u>639</u></u>

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the city matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Rockwall were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Rockwall were 15.87% and 16.64% in calendar years 2024 and 2025, respectively. The City’s contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2025, totaled \$5,449,861, and were equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The City’s Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2024, at \$13,724,303, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.5% year
Overall Payroll growth	2.75% year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB (10) mortality tables with 110% of the Public Safety table used for males and 100% of the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees are used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale MP-2021 to account for future mortality improvements subject to the 3% floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2018, to December 31, 2022. The assumptions were adopted in 2023 and first used in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by best estimate ranges of expected returns for each major asset class. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by weighting the expected return for each major asset class by the respective target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of the expected return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global equity	35%	7.1%
Core fixed income	6%	5.0%
Non-core fixed income	6%	6.8%
Hedge funds	5%	6.4%
Private equity	13%	8.5%
Private debt	13%	8.2%
Real estate	12%	6.7%
Infrastructure	6%	6.0%
Other private markets	4%	7.3%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund and proprietary funds. As of September 30, 2025, the City reported the following changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$ 138,434,253	\$ 122,350,346	\$ 16,083,907
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	5,930,741	-	5,930,741
Interest	9,393,548	-	9,393,548
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,726,420	-	1,726,420
Contributions - employer	-	4,775,760	(4,775,760)
Contributions - employee	-	2,138,856	(2,138,856)
Net investment income	-	12,739,710	(12,739,710)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,471,886)	(4,471,886)	-
Administrative expense	-	(81,532)	81,532
Other changes	-	(1,907)	1,907
Net changes	<u>12,578,823</u>	<u>15,099,001</u>	<u>(2,520,178)</u>
Balance at 12/31/2024	<u>\$ 151,013,076</u>	<u>\$ 137,449,347</u>	<u>\$ 13,563,729</u>

At September 30, 2025, the Component Unit reported the following changes in Net Pension Liability:

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$ 1,638,855	\$ 1,448,446	\$ 190,409
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	70,211	-	70,211
Interest	111,206	-	111,206
Difference between expected and actual experience	20,438	-	20,438
Contributions - employer	-	56,538	(56,538)
Contributions - employee	-	25,321	(25,321)
Net investment income	-	150,819	(150,819)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(52,940)	(52,940)	-
Administrative expense	-	(965)	965
Other changes	-	(23)	23
Net changes	<u>148,915</u>	<u>178,750</u>	<u>(29,835)</u>
Balance at 12/31/2024	<u>\$ 1,787,770</u>	<u>\$ 1,627,196</u>	<u>\$ 160,574</u>

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (5.75%)	Current Single Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (7.75%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 35,566,479	\$ 13,563,729	\$ (4,501,009)
Component unit's net pension liability	421,054	160,574	(53,285)
Total	<u>\$ 35,987,533</u>	<u>\$ 13,724,303</u>	<u>\$ (4,554,294)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmr.com.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2025, the City recognized pension expense of \$6,003,489. Of this amount, \$5,933,248 is related to the primary government and \$70,241 is attributable to discretely presented component units.

As of September 30, 2025, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 4,193,205	\$ 33,825
Changes of assumptions	-	236,110
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	1,573,588
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>4,086,101</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,279,306</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,523</u>

At September 30, 2025, the component unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 49,641	\$ 400
Changes of assumptions	-	2,795
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	18,629
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>48,373</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 98,014</u>	<u>\$ 21,824</u>

The primary government and component units reported \$4,086,101 and \$48,373, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2026.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended September 30,	City	Component Unit
2026	\$ 1,190,612	\$ 14,095
2027	2,415,661	28,598
2028	(987,091)	(11,686)
2029	(345,424)	(4,089)
2030	75,924	899

D. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The City voluntarily participates in a single-employer other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan administered by TMRS. The Plan is a group-term life insurance plan known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The Plan is established and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act identically to the City's pension plan. SDBF includes coverage for both active and retired members, and assets are commingled for the payment of such benefits. Therefore, the Plan does not qualify as an OPEB Trust in accordance with paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The SDBF provides group-term life insurance to City employees who are active members in TMRS, including or not including retirees. The City Council opted into this program via an ordinance, and may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

Payments from this fund are similar to group-term life insurance benefits and are paid to the designated beneficiaries upon the receipt of an approved application for payment. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an other employment benefit and is a fixed amount of \$7,500.

The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	109
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	37
Active employees	<u>331</u>
Total	<u><u>477</u></u>

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rates were 0.24% and 0.21% of annual covered payroll for 2024 and 2025, respectively. Of those amounts, 0.05% and 0.06% represented the retiree-only portion for 2024 and 2025, respectively. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to prefund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. The City and Component Unit's contributions to the SDBF for the year ended September 30, 2025 was \$17,005 and \$1,848, respectively, representing contributions for both active and retiree coverage, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Actuarial assumptions

The City and Component Unit's total OPEB liability of \$702,383 and \$8,315, respectively, were measured as of December 31, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.60% to 11.85% Including Inflation
Discount Rate	4.08% (Based on Fidelity Index's 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index as of December 31, 2024)
Administrative Expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68.
Mortality Rates - Service Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).
Mortality Rates - Disabled Retirees	2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year setforward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence) to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2024, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period ending December 31, 2022. Changes in assumptions reflect the annual change in the municipal bond rate and changes in the actuarial assumptions.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.08% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the City is made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2024.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following schedule shows the impact of the Total OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.08%) in measuring the total OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.08%)	Current Single Discount Rate (4.08%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.08%)
City's total OPEB liability	\$ 843,551	\$ 702,383	\$ 591,424
Component unit's total OPEB liability	9,986	8,315	7,002
Total	<u>\$ 853,537</u>	<u>\$ 710,698</u>	<u>\$ 598,426</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2025, the City and component unit reported a total OPEB liability of \$702,383 and \$8,315, respectively. The total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2024. For the year ended September 30, 2025, the City and component unit recognized OPEB expense of \$42,778 and \$506, respectively. There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

As of September 30, 2025, the City reported the following changes in the total OPEB liability:

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u> <u>Total OPEB</u> <u>Liability</u>
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$ 712,639
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	42,778
Interest	27,385
Difference between expected and actual experience	(25,145)
Change in assumptions	(39,997)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(15,277)</u>
Net changes	<u>(10,256)</u>
Balance at 12/31/2024	<u>\$ 702,383</u>

At September 30, 2025, the component unit reported the following changes in the total OPEB liability:

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u> <u>Total OPEB</u> <u>Liability</u>
Balance at 12/31/2023	\$ 8,437
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	506
Interest	324
Difference between expected and actual experience	(298)
Change in assumptions	(473)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(181)</u>
Net changes	<u>(122)</u>
Balance at 12/31/2024	<u>\$ 8,315</u>

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.77% to 4.08%.

At September 30, 2025, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 4,996	\$ 50,110
Changes in actuarial assumptions	101,375	255,888
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>14,922</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 121,293</u>	<u>\$ 305,998</u>

As of September 30, 2025, the component unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 59	\$ 593
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,200	3,029
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>177</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,436</u>	<u>\$ 3,622</u>

The City and Component Unit reported \$14,922 and \$177, respectively, as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>For the Year Ended September 30,</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Component Unit</u>
2026	\$ (31,081)	\$ (368)
2027	(32,881)	(389)
2028	(44,001)	(521)
2029	(51,109)	(605)
2030	(33,177)	(393)
Thereafter	(7,378)	(87)

E. Deficit Net Position/Fund Balance

At September 30, 2025, the City reported a deficit net position of \$1,600,426 in the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund, primarily due to current-year claims costs and related liabilities exceeding the resources available in that fund. Management plans to address this deficit through future charges to participating funds, potential transfers from the General Fund, and ongoing monitoring of plan design and contribution levels.

At September 30, 2025, the City also reported a deficit fund balance of \$11,772 in the Historic Church Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This deficit is expected to be eliminated through future revenues of the fund or transfers from the General Fund.

F. Restatement – Change in Accounting Principle

During fiscal year 2025, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The adoption of this standard required the recognition of additional liabilities for compensated absences that were not previously recorded. As a result, beginning net position in the statement of activities was restated and decreased by \$3,633,589 for governmental activities, \$278,434 for business-type activities, and \$31,291 for the Rockwall EDC.

G. New Accounting Guidance

Significant new accounting guidance issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) not yet implemented by the City include the following:

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* – The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential to their analyses for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets* – The objective of this Statement is to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about certain types of capital assets. This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be presented separately in the note disclosures, including right-to-use assets related to leases, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and public-private or public-public partnerships. Other intangible assets are also required to be presented separately by major class. Additional disclosures have also been required held for sale. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No 105, *Subsequent Events* – The objective of this Statement is to improve the financial reporting requirements for subsequent events, thereby enhancing consistency in their application and better meeting the information needs of financial statement users. This Statement will become effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2026, and the impact has not yet been determined.

**REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 15,640,000	\$ 15,640,000	\$ 15,743,506	\$ 103,506
Sales taxes	28,610,000	28,610,000	28,647,411	37,411
Franchise taxes	4,005,000	4,007,000	3,866,339	(140,661)
Licenses and permits	1,401,500	2,005,500	2,266,674	261,174
Intergovernmental revenues	2,758,500	3,201,500	11,501,475	8,299,975
Charges for services	635,500	900,500	1,562,591	662,091
Fines and forfeitures	535,000	600,000	683,201	83,201
Contributions and donations	57,500	57,500	57,500	-
Investments earnings	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,463,874	213,874
Miscellaneous	205,000	205,000	84,199	(120,801)
Total revenues	55,098,000	56,477,000	65,876,770	9,399,770
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration	6,881,200	6,957,200	6,352,988	604,212
Finance	1,212,350	1,228,350	1,017,155	211,195
Mayor/council	150,400	161,900	172,248	(10,348)
Police	18,920,350	19,103,350	19,635,778	(532,428)
Fire	9,585,000	9,645,750	9,832,648	(186,898)
Municipal court	535,450	560,450	566,823	(6,373)
Public works	6,592,850	6,507,850	6,263,984	243,866
Parks and recreation	6,599,550	6,707,550	6,557,807	149,743
Community development	2,605,000	2,588,000	2,553,190	34,810
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	342,471	(342,471)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	190,998	(190,998)
Total expenditures	53,082,150	53,460,400	53,486,090	(25,690)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,015,850	3,016,600	12,390,680	9,374,080
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	510,000	548,000	548,000	-
Transfers out	(3,715,000)	(3,715,000)	(12,179,180)	(8,464,180)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,205,000)	(3,167,000)	(11,631,180)	(8,464,180)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,189,150)	\$ (150,400)	759,500	\$ 909,900
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING			27,903,649	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING			\$ 28,663,149	

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Budgetary Information - The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council and as such is a good management control device. Annual budgets are adopted for the general fund, debt service fund, harbor debt service fund, cemetery fund, public safety fund, recreational development fund, street improvement fund, hotel occupancy tax fund, fire equipment fund, aviation fund, downtown improvement fund, and the narcotics unit fund.

Budgetary preparation and control are exercised at the fund level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

Encumbrance accounting, in which appropriations are recorded as budgetary expenditures, is not utilized by the City.

Excess of Expenditures over Budgeted Appropriations - During the fiscal year 2025, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the general fund, harbor debt service fund, downtown improvement fund and narcotics unit fund by \$25,690, \$13, \$410 and \$5,731, respectively.

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TMRS NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Measurement period ended December 31,	2024	2023	2022	2021
A. Total pension liability				
Service Cost	\$ 6,000,952	\$ 5,347,145	\$ 4,847,364	\$ 4,432,467
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	9,504,754	8,687,647	7,937,814	7,313,901
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,746,858	2,338,017	1,945,808	1,251,581
Changes in assumptions	-	(370,173)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(4,524,826)</u>	<u>(3,923,681)</u>	<u>(3,820,791)</u>	<u>(4,103,690)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	12,727,738	12,078,955	10,910,195	8,894,259
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>140,073,108</u>	<u>127,994,153</u>	<u>117,083,958</u>	<u>108,189,699</u>
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>152,800,846</u>	<u>140,073,108</u>	<u>127,994,153</u>	<u>117,083,958</u>
B. Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - Employer	4,832,298	4,493,159	4,153,419	3,791,675
Contributions - Employee	2,164,177	1,971,038	1,792,475	1,637,323
Net Investment Income	12,890,529	12,612,750	(8,408,325)	13,134,666
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,524,826)	(3,923,681)	(3,820,791)	(4,103,690)
Administrative Expenses	(82,497)	(80,055)	(72,639)	(60,678)
Other	<u>(1,930)</u>	<u>(560)</u>	<u>86,680</u>	<u>415</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	15,277,751	15,072,651	(6,269,181)	14,399,711
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>123,798,792</u>	<u>108,726,141</u>	<u>114,995,322</u>	<u>100,595,611</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>139,076,543</u>	<u>123,798,792</u>	<u>108,726,141</u>	<u>114,995,322</u>
C. Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 13,724,303</u>	<u>\$ 16,274,316</u>	<u>\$ 19,268,012</u>	<u>\$ 2,088,636</u>
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	91.02%	88.38%	84.95%	98.22%
E. Covered payroll	\$ 30,916,813	\$ 28,158,006	\$ 25,606,782	\$ 23,390,329
F. Net position liability as a percentage of covered payroll	44.39%	57.80%	75.25%	8.93%

<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
\$ 4,117,305	\$ 3,889,490	\$ 3,626,966	\$ 3,622,782	\$ 3,383,642	\$ 3,357,626
6,834,168	6,349,914	5,990,905	5,577,249	5,158,244	4,940,548
(250,837)	(397,251)	(1,650,948)	(306,042)	(357,796)	(458,262)
-	90,632	-	-	-	(108,126)
<u>(3,398,437)</u>	<u>(2,346,674)</u>	<u>(3,212,408)</u>	<u>(2,323,270)</u>	<u>(1,869,095)</u>	<u>(1,942,137)</u>
7,302,199	7,586,111	4,754,515	6,570,719	6,314,995	5,789,649
<u>100,887,500</u>	<u>93,301,389</u>	<u>88,546,874</u>	<u>81,976,155</u>	<u>75,661,160</u>	<u>69,871,511</u>
<u>108,189,699</u>	<u>100,887,500</u>	<u>93,301,389</u>	<u>88,546,874</u>	<u>81,976,155</u>	<u>75,661,160</u>
3,543,361	3,341,210	3,122,311	3,102,508	2,897,712	2,950,480
1,530,139	1,442,842	1,348,315	1,338,937	1,250,554	1,255,523
6,991,434	12,012,212	(2,361,502)	9,340,684	4,123,871	86,617
(3,398,437)	(2,346,674)	(3,212,408)	(2,323,270)	(1,869,095)	(1,942,137)
(45,176)	(67,784)	(45,589)	(48,368)	(46,547)	(52,749)
<u>(1,761)</u>	<u>(2,036)</u>	<u>(2,380)</u>	<u>(2,451)</u>	<u>(2,508)</u>	<u>(2,605)</u>
8,619,560	14,379,770	(1,151,253)	11,408,040	6,353,987	2,295,129
<u>91,976,051</u>	<u>77,596,281</u>	<u>78,747,534</u>	<u>67,339,494</u>	<u>60,985,507</u>	<u>58,690,378</u>
<u>100,595,611</u>	<u>91,976,051</u>	<u>77,596,281</u>	<u>78,747,534</u>	<u>67,339,494</u>	<u>60,985,507</u>
<u>\$ 7,594,088</u>	<u>\$ 8,911,449</u>	<u>\$ 15,705,108</u>	<u>\$ 9,799,340</u>	<u>\$ 14,636,661</u>	<u>\$ 14,675,653</u>
92.98%	91.17%	83.17%	88.93%	82.15%	80.60%
\$ 21,819,318	\$ 20,612,029	\$ 19,261,637	\$ 19,127,677	\$ 17,865,058	\$ 17,936,037
34.80%	43.23%	81.54%	51.23%	81.93%	81.82%

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TMRS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Fiscal year ended September 30,	2025	2024	2023	2022
Actuarial determined contribution	\$ 5,449,861	\$ 4,737,558	\$ 4,205,845	\$ 3,941,093
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>5,449,861</u>	<u>4,770,477</u>	<u>4,499,468</u>	<u>4,191,026</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (32,919)</u>	<u>\$ (293,623)</u>	<u>\$ (249,933)</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 33,119,704	\$ 30,127,747	\$ 27,587,171	\$ 25,842,845
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.46%	15.83%	16.31%	16.22%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	21 years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed fair value; 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.6% to 11.85% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period ending 2022.
Mortality	Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. Male rates are multiplied by 103% and female rates are multiplied by 105%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence). Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the 110% of the Public Safety table used for males and the 100% of the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by the most recent Scale MP-2021 (with immediate convergence).

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
\$ 3,527,492	\$ 3,389,779	\$ 3,200,864	\$ 3,158,177	\$ 2,897,712	\$ 2,950,480
<u>3,701,559</u>	<u>3,512,213</u>	<u>3,261,764</u>	<u>3,158,177</u>	<u>2,897,712</u>	<u>2,950,480</u>
<u>\$ (174,067)</u>	<u>\$ (122,434)</u>	<u>\$ (60,900)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 22,835,032	\$ 21,666,950	\$ 20,121,925	\$ 19,304,266	\$ 17,865,058	\$ 17,936,037
16.21%	16.21%	16.21%	16.36%	16.22%	16.45%

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM -
SUPPLEMENTAL DEATH BENEFITS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

Measurement period ended December 31,	2024	2023	2022
A. Total OPEB liability			
Service Cost	\$ 43,284	\$ 36,605	\$ 71,700
Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability)	27,709	26,612	17,550
Changes of assumptions	(40,470)	(7,044)	(363,354)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(25,443)	33,155	8,361
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(15,458)</u>	<u>(14,080)</u>	<u>(12,803)</u>
Net change in Total OPEB liability	(10,378)	75,248	(278,546)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>721,076</u>	<u>645,828</u>	<u>924,374</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 710,698</u>	<u>\$ 721,076</u>	<u>\$ 645,828</u>
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,916,813	\$ 28,158,006	\$ 25,606,782
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.30%	2.56%	2.52%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
\$ 63,154	\$ 48,002	\$ 32,979	\$ 34,671	\$ 30,604
17,340	19,621	20,725	18,675	17,740
31,279	121,938	117,635	(44,205)	48,353
(15,803)	(34,417)	(19,759)	(9,879)	-
<u>(14,034)</u>	<u>(4,365)</u>	<u>(4,121)</u>	<u>(3,852)</u>	<u>(3,826)</u>
81,936	150,779	147,459	(4,590)	92,871
<u>842,438</u>	<u>691,659</u>	<u>544,200</u>	<u>548,790</u>	<u>455,919</u>
<u>\$ 924,374</u>	<u>\$ 842,438</u>	<u>\$ 691,659</u>	<u>\$ 544,200</u>	<u>\$ 548,790</u>
\$ 23,390,329	\$ 21,819,318	\$ 20,612,029	\$ 19,261,637	\$ 19,127,677
3.95%	3.86%	3.36%	2.83%	2.87%



City of Rockwall

**COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES**

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>	
	Debt Service Harbor Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Technology Acquisition Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 389,017	\$ 379,954	\$ 222,602
Investments	-	-	1,262,092
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-
Taxes receivable, net	60,535	-	-
Accrued interest	-	-	20,390
Due from other funds	-	-	-
Total assets	<u>449,552</u>	<u>379,954</u>	<u>1,505,084</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-	-	1,300
Seizures payable	-	-	-
Developer deposits	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,300</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - assessments	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - hotel tax	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Committed for:			
Public safety	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-
Capital projects	-	379,954	-
Capital acquisitions	-	-	1,503,784
Restricted for:			
Debt service - Harbor	449,552	-	-
Parks	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-
Tourism	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>449,552</u>	<u>379,954</u>	<u>1,503,784</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 449,552</u>	<u>\$ 379,954</u>	<u>\$ 1,505,084</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Cemetery Fund	Public Safety Fund	Recreational Development Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund	Fire Equipment Fund	Aviation Fund
\$ 96,196	\$ 428,921	\$ 1,306,864	\$ 748,602	\$ 44,434	\$ 298,898	\$ 411,406
-	-	-	-	1,672,210	-	-
-	19,605	38,045	-	434,221	-	19,429
-	-	-	171,683	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	28	-	-	-	-	619
<u>96,196</u>	<u>448,554</u>	<u>1,344,909</u>	<u>920,285</u>	<u>2,150,865</u>	<u>298,898</u>	<u>431,454</u>
-	2,087	9,172	10,590	2,137	40,237	13,205
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	255,216	-	103	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>2,087</u>	<u>264,388</u>	<u>10,590</u>	<u>2,240</u>	<u>40,237</u>	<u>13,205</u>
-	-	-	171,683	-	-	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>171,683</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-	-	258,661	-
-	-	-	738,012	-	-	-
96,196	-	1,080,521	-	-	-	418,249
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	446,467	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	2,118,625	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>96,196</u>	<u>446,467</u>	<u>1,080,521</u>	<u>738,012</u>	<u>2,118,625</u>	<u>258,661</u>	<u>418,249</u>
\$ 96,196	\$ 448,554	\$ 1,344,909	\$ 920,285	\$ 2,150,865	\$ 298,898	\$ 431,454

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Emergency Siren Fund	Downtown Improvement Fund	Art in Public Places Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,038	\$ 13,928	\$ 123,850
Investments	-	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	23
Taxes receivable, net	-	-	-
Accrued interest	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	-	1
Total assets	<u>19,038</u>	<u>13,928</u>	<u>123,874</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	-	-	-
Seizures payable	-	-	-
Developer deposits	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unavailable revenue - assessments	-	-	-
Unavailable revenue - hotel tax	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Committed for:			
Public safety	19,038	13,928	-
Public works	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	123,874
Capital projects	-	-	-
Capital acquisitions	-	-	-
Restricted for:			
Debt service - Harbor	-	-	-
Parks	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-
Tourism	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>19,038</u>	<u>13,928</u>	<u>123,874</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 19,038</u>	<u>\$ 13,928</u>	<u>\$ 123,874</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Historic Church Fund	Narcotics Unit Fund	Special Escrow	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ 6,156	\$ 940,078	\$ 87,533	\$ 5,517,477
-	-	6,713,821	9,648,123
-	-	-	511,323
-	-	-	232,218
-	-	29,479	49,869
-	-	-	648
<u>6,156</u>	<u>940,078</u>	<u>6,830,833</u>	<u>15,959,658</u>
17,928	5,662	-	102,318
-	43,626	-	43,626
-	-	1,606,916	1,606,916
-	-	-	255,319
<u>17,928</u>	<u>49,288</u>	<u>1,606,916</u>	<u>2,008,179</u>
-	-	-	171,683
-	-	-	30,000
-	-	-	<u>201,683</u>
-	-	-	291,627
-	-	-	738,012
-	-	-	1,718,840
-	-	-	379,954
-	-	-	1,503,784
-	-	-	449,552
-	-	5,223,917	5,223,917
-	890,790	-	1,337,257
-	-	-	2,118,625
(11,772)	-	-	(11,772)
<u>(11,772)</u>	<u>890,790</u>	<u>5,223,917</u>	<u>13,749,796</u>
<u>\$ 6,156</u>	<u>\$ 940,078</u>	<u>\$ 6,830,833</u>	<u>\$ 15,959,658</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>	
	Debt Service Harbor Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Technology Acquisition Fund
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 620,049	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	485,248	-	-
Hotel occupancy taxes	-	-	-
Fines and fees	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-
Investments earnings	-	-	55,760
Total revenues	<u>1,105,297</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,760</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government:			
Administration	-	-	-
Public safety:			
Police	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal	985,000	-	-
Interest	184,313	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	524,634
Total expenditures	<u>1,169,313</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>524,634</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(64,016)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(468,874)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	-	343,750
Transfers out	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>343,750</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>(64,016)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(125,124)</u>
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>513,568</u>	<u>379,954</u>	<u>1,628,908</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 449,552</u>	<u>\$ 379,954</u>	<u>\$ 1,503,784</u>

Special Revenue Funds

Cemetery Fund	Public Safety Fund	Recreational Development Fund	Street Improvement Fund	Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund	Fire Equipment Fund	Aviation Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	2,022,718	-	-
-	71,545	-	-	-	65,456	-
-	-	-	332,500	-	-	150,942
11,350	75,421	781,518	-	-	-	-
-	69,842	24,451	-	-	-	-
-	21,561	17,100	-	-	-	-
<u>2,989</u>	<u>4,808</u>	<u>40,712</u>	<u>18,504</u>	<u>85,846</u>	<u>8,476</u>	<u>9,186</u>
<u>14,339</u>	<u>243,177</u>	<u>863,781</u>	<u>351,004</u>	<u>2,108,564</u>	<u>73,932</u>	<u>160,128</u>
-	-	-	-	1,523,802	-	55,406
-	47,625	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	788	-
700	-	340,726	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	693,183	101,209	-	364,788	-
<u>700</u>	<u>47,625</u>	<u>1,033,909</u>	<u>101,209</u>	<u>1,523,802</u>	<u>365,576</u>	<u>55,406</u>
<u>13,639</u>	<u>195,552</u>	<u>(170,128)</u>	<u>249,795</u>	<u>584,762</u>	<u>(291,644)</u>	<u>104,722</u>
-	-	-	-	-	304,550	-
-	(10,000)	-	-	(1,986,643)	-	-
-	(10,000)	-	-	(1,986,643)	304,550	-
13,639	185,552	(170,128)	249,795	(1,401,881)	12,906	104,722
<u>82,557</u>	<u>260,915</u>	<u>1,250,649</u>	<u>488,217</u>	<u>3,520,506</u>	<u>245,755</u>	<u>313,527</u>
<u>\$ 96,196</u>	<u>\$ 446,467</u>	<u>\$ 1,080,521</u>	<u>\$ 738,012</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,625</u>	<u>\$ 258,661</u>	<u>\$ 418,249</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Emergency Siren Fund	Downtown Improvement Fund	Art in Public Places Fund
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	-	-	-
Hotel occupancy taxes	-	-	-
Fines and fees	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Charges for services	7,366	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	10,000	141
Investments earnings	660	-	3,282
Total revenues	8,026	10,000	3,423
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government:			
Administration	-	7,410	-
Public safety:			
Police	-	-	-
Fire	-	-	-
Parks and recreation	-	3,000	2,500
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-
Total expenditures	-	10,410	2,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	8,026	(410)	923
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	-	-
Transfers out	(38,000)	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(38,000)	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(29,974)	(410)	923
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	49,012	14,338	122,951
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 19,038	\$ 13,928	\$ 123,874

Special Revenue Funds

Historic Church Fund	Narcotics Unit Fund	Special Escrow	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 620,049
-	-	-	485,248
-	-	-	2,022,718
-	-	-	137,001
-	4,199	-	487,641
52,506	-	-	928,161
-	366,427	-	460,720
-	-	634,250	683,052
-	-	180,657	410,880
<u>52,506</u>	<u>370,626</u>	<u>814,907</u>	<u>6,235,470</u>
-	-	-	1,586,618
-	21,487	-	69,112
-	-	-	788
50,921	-	-	397,847
-	-	-	985,000
-	-	-	184,313
<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>19,294</u>	<u>82,290</u>	<u>3,785,398</u>
<u>2,050,921</u>	<u>40,781</u>	<u>82,290</u>	<u>7,009,076</u>
<u>(1,998,415)</u>	<u>329,845</u>	<u>732,617</u>	<u>(773,606)</u>
1,986,643	-	-	2,634,943
-	-	-	(2,034,643)
<u>1,986,643</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>600,300</u>
(11,772)	329,845	732,617	(173,306)
<u>-</u>	<u>560,945</u>	<u>4,491,300</u>	<u>13,923,102</u>
<u>\$ (11,772)</u>	<u>\$ 890,790</u>	<u>\$ 5,223,917</u>	<u>\$ 13,749,796</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Employee Benefits	Workers' Compensation	Total
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 226,460	\$ 462,623	\$ 689,083
Receivables, net	747,194	-	747,194
Due from other funds	<u> -</u>	<u> 1,184</u>	<u> 1,184</u>
Total assets	<u>973,654</u>	<u>463,807</u>	<u>1,437,461</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	910,143	209,143	1,119,286
Due to other funds	<u>1,663,937</u>	<u> -</u>	<u>1,663,937</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,574,080</u>	<u>209,143</u>	<u>2,783,223</u>
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted	<u>(1,600,426)</u>	<u>254,664</u>	<u>(1,345,762)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ (1,600,426)</u>	<u>\$ 254,664</u>	<u>\$ (1,345,762)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN
NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	<u>Employee Benefits</u>	<u>Workers' Compensation</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,943,099	\$ -	\$ 1,943,099
Miscellaneous	<u>32,000</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>32,500</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>1,975,099</u>	<u>500</u>	<u>1,975,599</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Contractual services	<u>7,846,487</u>	<u>593,541</u>	<u>8,440,028</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>7,846,487</u>	<u>593,541</u>	<u>8,440,028</u>
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>(5,871,388)</u>	<u>(593,041)</u>	<u>(6,464,429)</u>
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment earnings	<u>75,162</u>	<u>29,670</u>	<u>104,832</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>75,162</u>	<u>29,670</u>	<u>104,832</u>
INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	<u>(5,796,226)</u>	<u>(563,371)</u>	<u>(6,359,597)</u>
Transfers in	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>325,000</u>	<u>5,325,000</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(796,226)	(238,371)	(1,034,597)
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	<u>(804,200)</u>	<u>493,035</u>	<u>(311,165)</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	<u>\$ (1,600,426)</u>	<u>\$ 254,664</u>	<u>\$ (1,345,762)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Employee Benefits	Workers' Compensation	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from other funds	\$ 2,600,824	\$ 500	\$ 2,601,324
Payments to suppliers and service providers	<u>(7,521,814)</u>	<u>(480,541)</u>	<u>(8,002,355)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(4,920,990)</u>	<u>(480,041)</u>	<u>(5,401,031)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>325,000</u>	<u>5,325,000</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>325,000</u>	<u>5,325,000</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments	<u>75,162</u>	<u>29,670</u>	<u>104,832</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>75,162</u>	<u>29,670</u>	<u>104,832</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	154,172	(125,371)	28,801
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	<u>72,288</u>	<u>587,994</u>	<u>660,282</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	<u>226,460</u>	<u>462,623</u>	<u>689,083</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	<u>(5,871,388)</u>	<u>(593,041)</u>	<u>(6,464,429)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(429,628)	-	(429,628)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	324,673	113,000	437,673
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables	<u>1,055,353</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,055,353</u>
Total adjustments	<u>950,398</u>	<u>113,000</u>	<u>1,063,398</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (4,920,990)</u>	<u>\$ (480,041)</u>	<u>\$ (5,401,031)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
DEBT SERVICE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 8,453,800	\$ 8,453,800	\$ 8,303,870	\$ (149,930)
Charges for services	420,000	420,000	1,267,324	847,324
Investment earnings	95,000	210,000	242,711	32,711
Total revenues	<u>8,968,800</u>	<u>9,083,800</u>	<u>9,813,905</u>	<u>730,105</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	6,305,000	6,305,000	6,305,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	2,459,200	2,459,200	2,457,864	1,336
Total expenditures	<u>8,764,200</u>	<u>8,764,200</u>	<u>8,762,864</u>	<u>1,336</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	204,600	319,600	1,051,041	731,441
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>5,541,354</u>	<u>5,541,354</u>	<u>5,541,354</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 5,745,954</u>	<u>\$ 5,860,954</u>	<u>\$ 6,592,395</u>	<u>\$ 731,441</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
DEBT SERVICE - HARBOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 611,200	\$ 611,200	\$ 620,049	\$ 8,849
Sales taxes	<u>392,000</u>	<u>422,000</u>	<u>485,248</u>	<u>63,248</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,003,200</u>	<u>1,033,200</u>	<u>1,105,297</u>	<u>72,097</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service:				
Principal	985,000	985,000	985,000	-
Interest	<u>184,300</u>	<u>184,300</u>	<u>184,313</u>	<u>(13)</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,169,300</u>	<u>1,169,300</u>	<u>1,169,313</u>	<u>(13)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(166,100)	(136,100)	(64,016)	72,084
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>513,568</u>	<u>513,568</u>	<u>513,568</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 347,468</u>	<u>\$ 377,468</u>	<u>\$ 449,552</u>	<u>\$ 72,084</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
CEMETERY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 17,000	\$ 13,250	\$ 11,350	\$ (1,900)
Investment earnings	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,989</u>	<u>989</u>
Total revenues	<u>19,000</u>	<u>15,250</u>	<u>14,339</u>	<u>(911)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Parks and recreation	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>4,300</u>
Total expenditures	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>4,300</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	14,000	10,250	13,639	3,389
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>82,557</u>	<u>82,557</u>	<u>82,557</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 96,557</u>	<u>\$ 92,807</u>	<u>\$ 96,196</u>	<u>\$ 3,389</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
PUBLIC SAFETY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Fines and fees	\$ 44,000	\$ 62,500	\$ 71,545	\$ 9,045
Charges for services	-	55,000	75,421	20,421
Intergovernmental	34,500	34,500	69,842	35,342
Contributions and donations	1,500	13,500	21,561	8,061
Investment earnings	1,800	3,500	4,808	1,308
Total revenues	<u>81,800</u>	<u>169,000</u>	<u>243,177</u>	<u>74,177</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Police	43,550	67,100	47,625	19,475
Total expenditures	<u>43,550</u>	<u>67,100</u>	<u>47,625</u>	<u>19,475</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>38,250</u>	<u>101,900</u>	<u>195,552</u>	<u>93,652</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	28,250	91,900	185,552	93,652
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>260,915</u>	<u>260,915</u>	<u>260,915</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 289,165</u>	<u>\$ 352,815</u>	<u>\$ 446,467</u>	<u>\$ 93,652</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
RECREATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 735,000	\$ 750,000	\$ 781,518	\$ 31,518
Intergovernmental	787,500	62,500	24,451	(38,049)
Contributions and donations	100,000	100,000	17,100	(82,900)
Investment earnings	<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>	<u>40,712</u>	<u>10,712</u>
Total revenues	<u>1,652,500</u>	<u>942,500</u>	<u>863,781</u>	<u>(78,719)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Parks and recreation	434,500	439,500	340,726	98,774
Capital outlay	<u>1,385,000</u>	<u>715,000</u>	<u>693,183</u>	<u>21,817</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,819,500</u>	<u>1,154,500</u>	<u>1,033,909</u>	<u>120,591</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(167,000)	(212,000)	(170,128)	41,872
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>1,250,649</u>	<u>1,250,649</u>	<u>1,250,649</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,083,649</u>	<u>\$ 1,038,649</u>	<u>\$ 1,080,521</u>	<u>\$ 41,872</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
STREET IMPROVEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 332,500	\$ 332,500	\$ -
Investment earnings	<u>11,000</u>	<u>11,000</u>	<u>18,504</u>	<u>7,504</u>
Total revenues	<u>11,000</u>	<u>343,500</u>	<u>351,004</u>	<u>7,504</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	<u>-</u>	<u>127,500</u>	<u>101,209</u>	<u>26,291</u>
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>127,500</u>	<u>101,209</u>	<u>26,291</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	11,000	216,000	249,795	33,795
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>488,217</u>	<u>488,217</u>	<u>488,217</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 499,217</u>	<u>\$ 704,217</u>	<u>\$ 738,012</u>	<u>\$ 33,795</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Hotel occupancy taxes	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 2,022,718	\$ (77,282)
Investment earnings	-	65,000	85,846	20,846
Total revenues	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,165,000</u>	<u>2,108,564</u>	<u>(56,436)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	<u>1,265,900</u>	<u>3,544,400</u>	<u>1,523,802</u>	<u>2,020,598</u>
Total expenditures	<u>1,265,900</u>	<u>3,544,400</u>	<u>1,523,802</u>	<u>2,020,598</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>734,100</u>	<u>(1,379,400)</u>	<u>584,762</u>	<u>1,964,162</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	-	-	(1,986,643)	(1,986,643)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(1,986,643)	(1,986,643)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	734,100	(1,379,400)	(1,401,881)	(22,481)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>3,520,506</u>	<u>3,520,506</u>	<u>3,520,506</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 4,254,606</u>	<u>\$ 2,141,106</u>	<u>\$ 2,118,625</u>	<u>\$ (22,481)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
FIRE EQUIPMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Fines and fees	\$ 65,650	\$ 65,650	\$ 65,456	\$ (194)
Investment earnings	5,000	5,000	8,476	3,476
Total revenues	<u>70,650</u>	<u>70,650</u>	<u>73,932</u>	<u>3,282</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Fire	2,000	2,000	788	1,212
Capital outlay	85,800	390,350	364,788	25,562
Total expenditures	<u>87,800</u>	<u>392,350</u>	<u>365,576</u>	<u>26,774</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(17,150)</u>	<u>(321,700)</u>	<u>(291,644)</u>	<u>28,844</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	304,550	304,550	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>304,550</u>	<u>304,550</u>	<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(17,150)	(17,150)	12,906	30,056
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>245,755</u>	<u>245,755</u>	<u>245,755</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 228,605</u>	<u>\$ 228,605</u>	<u>\$ 258,661</u>	<u>\$ 30,056</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
AVIATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Miscellaneous	\$ 124,500	\$ 133,100	\$ 150,942	\$ 17,842
Investment income	5,000	5,000	9,186	4,186
Total revenues	<u>129,500</u>	<u>138,100</u>	<u>160,128</u>	<u>22,028</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	<u>48,500</u>	<u>62,000</u>	<u>55,406</u>	<u>6,594</u>
Total expenditures	<u>48,500</u>	<u>62,000</u>	<u>55,406</u>	<u>6,594</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	81,000	76,100	104,722	28,622
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>313,527</u>	<u>313,527</u>	<u>313,527</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 394,527</u>	<u>\$ 389,627</u>	<u>\$ 418,249</u>	<u>\$ 28,622</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
DOWNTOWN IMPROVEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Contributions and donations	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ -
Total revenues	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	6,000	6,000	7,410	(1,410)
Culture and recreation	<u>4,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Total expenditures	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,410</u>	<u>(410)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(410)	(410)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>14,338</u>	<u>14,338</u>	<u>14,338</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 14,338</u>	<u>\$ 14,338</u>	<u>\$ 13,928</u>	<u>\$ (410)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -
NARCOTICS UNIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 366,427	\$ 66,427
Miscellaneous	-	4,200	4,199	(1)
Total revenues	-	304,200	370,626	66,426
EXPENDITURES				
Police	27,500	29,050	21,487	7,563
Capital outlay	-	6,000	19,294	(13,294)
Total expenditures	27,500	35,050	40,781	(5,731)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(27,500)	269,150	329,845	60,695
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	560,945	560,945	560,945	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 533,445	\$ 830,095	\$ 890,790	\$ 60,695

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park	Total Governmental Funds
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,875	\$ 10,000	\$ 99,875
Investments	19,540,987	-	19,540,987
Accounts receivable, net	1,498,302	35,131	1,533,433
Land held for sale	49,012,426	-	49,012,426
Total assets	<u>70,141,590</u>	<u>45,131</u>	<u>70,186,721</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	40,185	8,952	49,137
Accrued liabilities	24,739	-	24,739
Total liabilities	<u>64,924</u>	<u>8,952</u>	<u>73,876</u>
FUND BLANCE			
Restricted for:			
Economic development	70,076,666	-	70,076,666
Technology park	-	36,179	36,179
Total fund balance	<u>70,076,666</u>	<u>36,179</u>	<u>70,112,845</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 70,141,590</u>	<u>\$ 45,131</u>	<u>\$ 70,186,721</u>

Reconciliation of the Component Unit Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances - discretely presented presented component units	\$ 70,076,666	\$ 36,179
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

4,702	-
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Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the governmental fund financial statements, an expenditure is reported when due.

(211,991)	-
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Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Also, the loss on refunding of bonds, the premium on issuance of bonds and deferred resource outflows (inflows) related to the net pension liability are not reported in the funds.

Bonds payable	(32,355,000)	-
Premiums and discounts on bonds payable	(1,504,998)	-
Compensated absences	(34,650)	-
Net pension - related items	(84,384)	-
Total OPEB liability - related items	(10,501)	-
Deferred loss on refunding bonds	292,756	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 36,172,600</u>	<u>\$ 36,179</u>
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CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

	Rockwall EDC	Technology Park	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Sales tax	\$ 9,551,362	\$ -	\$ 9,551,362
Charges for services	-	239,289	239,289
Investment earnings	807,198	-	807,198
Miscellaneous	4,459	-	4,459
Total revenues	<u>10,363,019</u>	<u>239,289</u>	<u>10,602,308</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Economic development	7,663,201	-	7,663,201
Parks and recreation	-	226,345	226,345
Total expenditures	<u>7,663,201</u>	<u>226,345</u>	<u>7,889,546</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,699,818	12,944	2,712,762
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	<u>67,376,848</u>	<u>23,235</u>	<u>67,400,083</u>
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	<u>\$ 70,076,666</u>	<u>\$ 36,179</u>	<u>\$ 70,112,845</u>
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Component Units to the Statement of Activities			
Net change in fund balances			
- component units	\$ 2,699,818	\$ 12,944	
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Fund financial statements report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays for the fiscal year.	2,227	-	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in the funds.	(5,195)	-	
Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	2,700,000	-	
Certain expenses do not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in the funds.			
Premium on bonds payable	95,316	-	
Deferred loss on refunding	(20,544)	-	
Accrued interest	17,393	-	
Compensated absences	20,334	-	
Certain pension and other post-employment (OPEB) expenditures are not expended in the government-wide financial statements and recorded as deferred resource outflows and inflows. These items relate to contributions made after the measurement date. Additionally, a portion of the unrecognized deferred resource outflows and inflows related to the pension and OPEB liabilities were amortized.	<u>3,755</u>	<u>-</u>	
Change in net position - statement of activities	<u>\$ 5,513,104</u>	<u>\$ 12,944</u>	



City of Rockwall

STATISTICAL SECTION



City of Rockwall

**STATISTICAL SECTION
(UNAUDITED)**

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	<u>Page Number</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	83
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources. Property taxes are the City's largest source of revenue whose trends are laid out in Tables 6 through 11. Other tax revenues are compared in Table 5. Another large revenue source derives from utility services, including water, sewer, and solid waste charges. Their underlying rates and operating trends are reported between Tables 11 through 16.	88
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	96
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	101
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	104

Sources – Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year.



City of Rockwall

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 1

**NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)**

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$175,975,778	\$162,135,482	\$148,415,067	\$142,755,924	\$134,803,314	\$ 128,444,419	\$ 116,382,345	\$ 113,288,647	\$105,564,842	\$ 95,507,167
Restricted	15,378,689	14,526,785	13,293,105	23,157,453	14,974,819	6,558,003	5,903,520	11,813,320	15,629,382	14,270,758
Unrestricted	<u>19,011,855</u>	<u>24,692,167</u>	<u>30,364,937</u>	<u>11,153,419</u>	<u>10,684,244</u>	<u>3,949,974</u>	<u>9,578,113</u>	<u>3,878,658</u>	<u>402,927</u>	<u>2,075,864</u>
Total governmental activities										
net position	<u>\$210,366,322</u>	<u>\$201,354,434</u>	<u>\$192,073,109</u>	<u>\$177,066,796</u>	<u>\$160,462,377</u>	<u>\$ 138,952,396</u>	<u>\$ 131,863,978</u>	<u>\$ 128,980,625</u>	<u>\$121,597,151</u>	<u>\$111,853,789</u>
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$154,988,430	\$136,512,584	\$123,537,605	\$117,322,684	\$108,513,535	\$ 98,233,247	\$ 86,807,074	\$ 84,819,687	\$ 73,291,095	\$ 66,473,007
Restricted	2,010,804	2,233,298	2,236,026	2,147,029	2,283,448	2,215,307	1,990,887	1,690,582	4,355,395	6,727,108
Unrestricted	<u>7,940,561</u>	<u>9,992,823</u>	<u>10,310,078</u>	<u>3,099,517</u>	<u>7,534,741</u>	<u>8,882,718</u>	<u>12,083,408</u>	<u>11,363,946</u>	<u>7,689,144</u>	<u>3,886,649</u>
Total business-type activities										
net position	<u>\$164,939,795</u>	<u>\$148,738,705</u>	<u>\$136,083,709</u>	<u>\$122,569,230</u>	<u>\$118,331,724</u>	<u>\$ 109,331,272</u>	<u>\$ 100,881,369</u>	<u>\$ 97,874,215</u>	<u>\$ 85,335,634</u>	<u>\$ 77,086,764</u>
Primary government:										
Net investment in										
capital assets	\$330,964,208	\$298,648,066	\$271,952,672	\$260,078,608	\$243,316,849	\$ 226,677,666	\$ 203,189,419	\$ 198,108,334	\$178,855,937	\$161,980,174
Restricted	17,389,493	16,760,083	15,529,131	25,304,482	17,258,267	8,773,310	7,894,407	13,503,902	19,984,777	20,997,866
Unrestricted	<u>26,952,416</u>	<u>34,684,990</u>	<u>40,675,015</u>	<u>14,252,936</u>	<u>18,218,985</u>	<u>12,832,692</u>	<u>21,661,521</u>	<u>15,242,604</u>	<u>8,092,071</u>	<u>5,962,513</u>
Total primary government										
net position	<u>\$375,306,117</u>	<u>\$350,093,139</u>	<u>\$328,156,818</u>	<u>\$299,636,026</u>	<u>\$278,794,101</u>	<u>\$ 248,283,668</u>	<u>\$ 232,745,347</u>	<u>\$ 226,854,840</u>	<u>\$206,932,785</u>	<u>\$188,940,553</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 2

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Unaudited)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)**

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$ 13,396,939	\$ 12,611,482	\$ 7,241,594	\$ 12,194,987	\$ 12,860,472	\$ 10,863,346	\$ 10,623,023	\$ 12,609,479	\$ 13,354,867	\$ 9,841,674
Police / Fire	36,991,015	32,966,849	28,517,293	20,897,287	18,102,100	18,545,117	18,040,820	16,819,647	15,931,984	15,268,593
Public Works	14,341,622	12,898,784	13,574,806	11,960,837	12,106,448	13,238,262	12,631,449	3,195,355	3,517,130	12,889,840
Community Development	3,034,980	2,914,209	2,764,330	2,160,981	2,147,066	2,107,804	2,060,063	1,965,366	1,973,607	1,778,965
Parks and Recreation	9,404,249	9,221,787	8,209,949	7,011,359	5,960,132	6,168,770	6,750,655	5,450,380	5,016,834	2,157,430
Interest on long-term debt	<u>2,599,479</u>	<u>2,949,340</u>	<u>2,878,024</u>	<u>2,650,740</u>	<u>2,722,316</u>	<u>2,990,051</u>	<u>3,286,942</u>	<u>3,828,514</u>	<u>4,027,789</u>	<u>4,165,018</u>
Total governmental activities expenses	<u>79,768,285</u>	<u>73,562,451</u>	<u>63,185,996</u>	<u>56,876,191</u>	<u>53,898,534</u>	<u>53,913,350</u>	<u>53,392,952</u>	<u>43,868,741</u>	<u>43,822,211</u>	<u>46,101,520</u>
Business-type activities:										
Water, sewer and sanitation	<u>49,375,655</u>	<u>45,534,581</u>	<u>40,942,721</u>	<u>36,583,711</u>	<u>32,815,181</u>	<u>31,687,906</u>	<u>28,406,975</u>	<u>25,332,638</u>	<u>21,541,809</u>	<u>19,608,273</u>
Total business-type activities expenses	<u>49,375,655</u>	<u>45,534,581</u>	<u>40,942,721</u>	<u>36,583,711</u>	<u>32,815,181</u>	<u>31,687,906</u>	<u>28,406,975</u>	<u>25,332,638</u>	<u>21,541,809</u>	<u>19,608,273</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$129,143,940</u>	<u>\$119,097,032</u>	<u>\$104,128,717</u>	<u>\$ 93,459,902</u>	<u>\$ 86,713,715</u>	<u>\$ 85,601,256</u>	<u>\$ 81,799,927</u>	<u>\$ 69,201,379</u>	<u>\$ 65,364,020</u>	<u>\$ 65,709,793</u>
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services	\$ 6,888,769	\$ 4,798,023	\$ 4,960,214	\$ 4,778,724	\$ 4,362,055	\$ 4,219,361	\$ 4,785,850	\$ 7,017,274	\$ 7,522,068	\$ 6,591,258
Operating grants and contributions	11,610,738	3,445,111	3,499,961	7,988,335	9,470,637	1,641,907	1,272,678	411,439	1,942,620	196,662
Capital grants and contributions	<u>16,865,599</u>	<u>11,637,654</u>	<u>16,072,206</u>	<u>3,339,056</u>	<u>7,318,331</u>	<u>6,272,150</u>	<u>792,240</u>	<u>44,793</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total governmental activities program revenues	<u>35,365,106</u>	<u>19,880,788</u>	<u>24,532,381</u>	<u>16,106,115</u>	<u>21,151,023</u>	<u>12,133,418</u>	<u>6,850,768</u>	<u>7,473,506</u>	<u>9,464,688</u>	<u>6,787,920</u>
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services	43,268,876	43,564,540	40,690,213	39,791,917	35,866,161	35,598,369	31,769,332	29,691,355	24,519,314	22,163,656
Capital grants and contributions	<u>16,056,053</u>	<u>14,746,446</u>	<u>13,654,354</u>	<u>2,121,339</u>	<u>6,964,238</u>	<u>5,431,979</u>	<u>354,542</u>	<u>7,707,536</u>	<u>6,016,867</u>	<u>3,049,464</u>
Total business-type activities program revenues	<u>59,324,929</u>	<u>58,310,986</u>	<u>54,344,567</u>	<u>41,913,256</u>	<u>42,830,399</u>	<u>41,030,348</u>	<u>32,123,874</u>	<u>37,398,891</u>	<u>30,536,181</u>	<u>25,213,120</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 94,690,035</u>	<u>\$ 78,191,774</u>	<u>\$ 78,876,948</u>	<u>\$ 58,019,371</u>	<u>\$ 63,981,422</u>	<u>\$ 53,163,766</u>	<u>\$ 38,974,642</u>	<u>\$ 44,872,397</u>	<u>\$ 40,000,869</u>	<u>\$ 32,001,040</u>
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (44,403,179)	\$(53,681,663)	\$ (38,653,615)	\$ (40,770,076)	\$ (32,747,511)	\$ (41,779,932)	\$ (46,542,184)	\$ (36,395,235)	\$ (34,357,523)	\$(39,313,600)
Business-type activities	<u>9,949,274</u>	<u>12,776,405</u>	<u>13,401,846</u>	<u>5,329,545</u>	<u>10,015,218</u>	<u>9,342,442</u>	<u>3,716,899</u>	<u>12,066,253</u>	<u>8,994,372</u>	<u>5,604,847</u>
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (34,453,905)</u>	<u>\$(40,905,258)</u>	<u>\$ (25,251,769)</u>	<u>\$ (35,440,531)</u>	<u>\$ (22,732,293)</u>	<u>\$ (32,437,490)</u>	<u>\$ (42,825,285)</u>	<u>\$ (24,328,982)</u>	<u>\$ (25,363,151)</u>	<u>\$(33,708,753)</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 2

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Unaudited)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)
(Continued)

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$ 24,600,186	\$ 24,590,290	\$ 23,839,645	\$ 23,579,113	\$ 23,873,506	\$ 23,183,884	\$ 22,916,157	\$ 21,984,955	\$ 21,470,363	\$ 20,966,521
Sales	29,132,659	27,410,743	27,720,904	26,433,923	24,170,729	19,838,209	19,497,488	17,949,999	17,132,733	16,331,411
Other	9,021,691	9,897,800	8,738,040	6,077,254	5,032,743	4,762,107	5,988,792	4,173,705	3,561,607	3,454,314
Transfers	<u>(5,705,880)</u>	<u>1,064,155</u>	<u>853,515</u>	<u>1,284,205</u>	<u>1,180,514</u>	<u>1,084,150</u>	<u>1,023,100</u>	<u>(329,950)</u>	<u>986,650</u>	<u>949,250</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>57,048,656</u>	<u>62,962,988</u>	<u>61,152,104</u>	<u>57,374,495</u>	<u>54,257,492</u>	<u>48,868,350</u>	<u>49,425,537</u>	<u>43,778,709</u>	<u>43,151,353</u>	<u>41,701,496</u>
Business-type activities:										
Miscellaneous	824,370	942,746	966,148	192,166	165,748	191,611	313,355	142,378	151,304	88,673
Transfers	<u>5,705,880</u>	<u>(1,064,155)</u>	<u>(853,515)</u>	<u>(1,284,205)</u>	<u>(1,180,514)</u>	<u>(1,084,150)</u>	<u>(1,023,100)</u>	<u>329,950</u>	<u>(986,650)</u>	<u>(949,250)</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>6,530,250</u>	<u>(121,409)</u>	<u>112,633</u>	<u>(1,092,039)</u>	<u>(1,014,766)</u>	<u>(892,539)</u>	<u>(709,745)</u>	<u>472,328</u>	<u>(835,346)</u>	<u>(860,577)</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 63,578,906</u>	<u>\$ 62,841,579</u>	<u>\$ 61,264,737</u>	<u>\$ 56,282,456</u>	<u>\$ 53,242,726</u>	<u>\$ 47,975,811</u>	<u>\$ 48,715,792</u>	<u>\$ 44,251,037</u>	<u>\$ 42,316,007</u>	<u>\$ 40,840,919</u>
Change in Net Position:										
Governmental activities	\$ 12,645,477	\$ 9,281,325	\$ 22,498,489	\$ 16,604,419	\$ 21,509,981	\$ 7,088,418	\$ 2,883,353	\$ 7,383,474	\$ 8,793,830	\$ 2,387,896
Business-type activities	<u>16,479,524</u>	<u>12,654,996</u>	<u>13,514,479</u>	<u>4,237,506</u>	<u>9,000,452</u>	<u>8,449,903</u>	<u>3,007,154</u>	<u>12,538,581</u>	<u>8,159,026</u>	<u>4,744,270</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 29,125,001</u>	<u>\$ 21,936,321</u>	<u>\$ 36,012,968</u>	<u>\$ 20,841,925</u>	<u>\$ 30,510,433</u>	<u>\$ 15,538,321</u>	<u>\$ 5,890,507</u>	<u>\$ 19,922,055</u>	<u>\$ 16,952,856</u>	<u>\$ 7,132,166</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 3

FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
General Fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ 1,195	\$ 2,146	\$ 1,593	\$ 2,602	\$ 2,423	\$ 3,088	\$ 2,723	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	-	-	-	11,332,483	5,685,201	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	<u>28,661,954</u>	<u>27,901,503</u>	<u>32,594,142</u>	<u>27,904,156</u>	<u>25,999,158</u>	<u>16,652,449</u>	<u>14,692,432</u>	<u>12,884,778</u>	<u>10,827,051</u>	<u>11,165,872</u>
Total general fund	<u>\$ 28,663,149</u>	<u>\$ 27,903,649</u>	<u>\$ 32,595,735</u>	<u>\$ 39,239,241</u>	<u>\$ 31,686,782</u>	<u>\$ 16,655,537</u>	<u>\$ 14,695,155</u>	<u>\$ 12,884,778</u>	<u>\$ 10,827,051</u>	<u>\$ 11,165,872</u>
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Restricted	\$ 17,265,894	\$ 19,494,827	\$ 18,211,434	\$ 2,420,444	\$ 1,941,354	\$ 1,155,519	\$ 1,314,152	\$ 860,725	\$ 592,611	\$ (86,775)
Restricted for debt service	7,041,947	6,054,922	5,751,071	9,404,526	7,348,264	5,402,484	5,083,470	-	-	-
Committed	4,632,217	4,575,868	4,178,828	6,083,866	5,709,085	5,316,634	4,291,828	-	-	-
Committed for debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,277,958	3,828,849	2,201,438
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,713,024	12,787,803	13,628,545
Unassigned	<u>(11,772)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(16,957,781)</u>	<u>(12,807,929)</u>	<u>(8,253,123)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 28,928,286</u>	<u>\$ 30,125,617</u>	<u>\$ 28,141,333</u>	<u>\$ 951,055</u>	<u>\$ 2,190,774</u>	<u>\$ 3,621,514</u>	<u>\$ 10,689,450</u>	<u>\$ 13,851,707</u>	<u>\$ 17,209,263</u>	<u>\$ 15,743,208</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 24,667,425	\$ 24,652,256	\$ 23,900,675	\$ 23,839,466	\$ 23,869,473	\$ 23,251,697	\$ 22,676,730	\$ 21,889,749	\$ 21,364,031	\$ 20,946,082
Sales and hotel occupancy taxes	31,155,377	29,279,965	29,600,165	28,076,100	25,210,545	20,617,027	20,358,483	17,949,998	17,132,733	16,331,411
Franchise taxes	3,866,339	3,808,512	3,916,171	3,649,354	3,244,953	3,245,274	3,408,880	3,255,645	3,154,432	3,186,160
Charges for services	3,758,076	2,326,301	2,671,999	2,627,285	1,934,675	1,835,338	2,405,845	2,364,134	2,431,114	1,765,734
Permits	2,266,674	1,739,580	1,739,543	1,684,857	1,961,007	1,795,728	1,652,856	1,487,961	1,772,362	1,233,776
Municipal court	820,202	649,255	576,985	478,671	509,487	571,028	695,536	938,043	1,042,793	1,152,543
Intergovernmental	11,962,195	3,451,926	3,499,961	7,631,057	9,459,883	2,007,478	1,205,426	943,848	1,012,738	831,958
Interest income	2,579,813	3,541,176	2,677,557	63,365	7,336	377,092	703,092	401,167	141,210	105,047
Miscellaneous	571,840	398,113	355,572	350,600	631,344	442,603	851,866	611,405	538,312	315,876
Contributions and donations	740,552	222,573	109,998	89,312	85,276	185,056	459,506	424,128	1,780,277	90,812
Total revenues	82,388,493	70,069,657	69,048,626	68,490,067	66,913,979	54,328,321	54,418,220	50,266,078	50,370,002	45,959,399
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Mayor/council	172,248	145,298	131,164	128,635	111,916	88,568	100,810	127,123	130,560	107,998
Administration	7,939,606	8,518,436	7,818,559	6,095,742	6,163,346	5,218,346	4,590,328	4,772,422	4,859,771	4,348,317
Finance	1,017,155	901,911	917,752	768,490	705,939	737,711	701,499	1,178,791	1,183,815	1,017,359
Municipal court	566,823	557,947	508,652	491,523	412,238	389,693	395,972	429,862	439,986	389,914
Police	19,704,890	18,582,435	16,077,407	14,292,617	12,371,408	12,145,881	11,129,210	11,126,009	11,053,569	10,660,642
Fire	9,833,436	8,945,621	7,706,881	7,000,067	6,156,409	5,246,718	4,530,268	4,272,346	3,876,111	3,425,461
Public works	6,263,984	6,584,989	6,097,356	4,791,440	3,392,021	4,776,601	5,370,529	5,102,468	5,796,784	5,036,475
Community development	2,553,190	2,522,289	2,356,718	2,160,981	2,147,066	2,107,804	2,170,931	1,965,366	1,973,607	1,778,733
Parks and recreation	6,955,654	7,320,155	6,540,396	5,772,546	4,971,631	4,694,193	5,280,625	3,990,911	3,974,766	3,157,568
Capital outlay	6,322,812	7,777,363	1,760,795	8,702,502	5,694,711	11,991,170	8,352,381	4,988,574	3,417,903	5,934,578
Debt service:										
Principal	7,632,471	8,384,205	12,467,061	6,553,932	6,205,000	6,690,000	7,095,000	6,040,000	6,040,000	6,560,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,833,175	3,160,201	2,691,934	2,768,057	2,867,303	3,138,340	3,440,647	3,678,004	3,882,544	3,971,613
Bond issuance costs	-	-	365,235	-	-	-	-	-	-	231,376
Total expenditures	71,795,444	73,400,850	65,439,910	59,526,532	51,198,988	57,225,025	53,158,200	47,671,876	46,629,416	46,620,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	10,593,049	(3,331,193)	3,608,716	8,963,535	15,714,991	(2,896,704)	1,260,020	2,594,202	3,740,586	(660,635)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	3,182,943	3,378,500	1,754,200	1,656,275	874,995	1,985,700	727,443	1,280,466	1,316,687	540,350
Transfers out	(14,213,823)	(6,667,345)	(4,860,685)	(4,307,070)	(2,989,481)	(4,196,550)	(3,339,343)	(5,240,416)	(3,930,037)	(3,131,100)
Bonds issued	-	-	32,060,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,076,711
Leases and financed purchases	-	3,912,236	167,882	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,221,012
Premium (discounts) on bonds issued	-	-	2,410,742	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,769,228
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(7,105,507)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(59,060,574)
Sale of capital asset	-	-	3,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prior period adjustment	-	-	(7,492,176)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(246,478)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,030,880)	623,391	16,938,056	(2,650,795)	(2,114,486)	(2,210,850)	(2,611,900)	(3,959,950)	(2,613,350)	6,169,149
Net change in fund balances	\$ (437,831)	\$ (2,707,802)	\$ 20,546,772	\$ 6,312,740	\$ 13,600,505	\$ (5,107,554)	\$ (1,351,880)	\$ (1,365,748)	\$ 1,127,236	\$ 5,508,514
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures (1)	21.0%	22.9%	35.8%	18.3%	19.9%	21.7%	23.5%	22.8%	23.0%	25.9%

(1) There are some capital expenditures reported in various functional expenditure line items and are included in this calculation.

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 5

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(unaudited)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Property Tax</u>	<u>Sales Tax</u>	<u>Franchise Tax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 20,946,082	\$ 16,331,411	\$ 3,186,160	\$ 40,463,653
2017	21,364,031	17,132,733	3,154,432	41,651,196
2018	21,889,749	17,949,998	3,255,645	43,095,392
2019	22,676,730	19,497,488	3,408,880	45,583,098
2020	23,251,697	19,838,209	3,245,274	46,335,180
2021	23,869,473	24,170,729	3,244,953	51,285,155
2022	23,839,466	26,433,923	3,649,354	53,922,743
2023	23,900,675	27,720,904	3,916,171	55,537,750
2024	24,652,256	27,410,743	3,808,512	55,871,511
2025	24,651,848	29,132,659	3,866,339	57,650,846

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 6

UTILITY SERVICE REVENUE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Retail Water Sales</u>	<u>Sewer Charges</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 12,738,912	\$ 6,360,126	\$ 19,099,038
2017	13,443,511	7,092,057	20,535,568
2018	14,994,386	7,347,007	22,341,393
2019	14,131,403	8,475,098	22,606,501
2020	15,641,898	9,027,765	24,669,663
2021	15,075,298	9,091,893	24,167,191
2022	17,546,807	9,476,006	27,022,813
2023	18,222,523	9,483,833	27,706,356
2024	19,600,137	10,306,224	29,906,361
2025	19,395,070	10,336,229	29,731,299

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 7

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Estimated Market Value			Less: Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
		Real Property Residential	Real Property Non-Residential	Non-Real Property Personal			
2016	2015	\$ 2,897,340,628	\$ 1,324,784,283	\$ 426,923,073	\$ 334,889,710	\$ 4,314,158,274	0.4853
2017	2016	3,250,135,202	1,410,522,815	457,736,898	400,924,193	4,717,470,722	0.4543
2018	2017	3,693,500,936	1,518,970,591	493,995,150	463,427,475	5,243,039,202	0.4236
2019	2018	4,036,275,136	1,587,770,529	533,531,906	455,282,292	5,702,295,279	0.4021
2020	2019	4,256,220,496	1,654,276,920	582,424,005	436,900,344	6,056,021,077	0.387990
2021	2020	4,534,177,470	1,863,192,042	614,735,337	464,923,141	6,547,181,708	0.370000
2022	2021	4,843,195,962	1,876,481,874	632,803,883	482,270,420	6,870,211,299	0.350000
2023	2022	5,561,855,258	2,104,378,159	641,440,193	584,554,504	7,723,119,106	0.292500
2024	2023	7,718,830,382	2,385,928,679	727,994,141	1,566,912,498	9,265,840,704	0.270245
2025	2024	8,135,931,240	2,602,501,219	682,885,609	1,394,076,484	10,027,241,584	0.247450

Source: Rockwall Central Appraisal District

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 8

PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Over 65 and Disabled</u>	<u>Disabled Veterans</u>	<u>Agriculture</u>	<u>Freeport Exemption</u>
2016	\$ 162,365,290	\$ 20,961,691	\$ 107,887,230	\$ 28,084,128
2017	162,472,841	23,628,158	109,384,390	25,288,620
2018	169,304,945	28,450,789	120,809,076	27,839,131
2019	177,252,532	39,833,915	126,796,575	34,593,453
2020	190,507,223	48,858,687	115,983,406	29,836,635
2021	194,977,433	56,412,695	102,158,842	34,440,239
2022	205,600,088	70,298,078	107,151,194	45,176,412
2023	214,480,085	93,282,867	126,874,924	68,723,103
2024	234,130,872	133,562,367	166,378,848	68,723,103
2025	246,020,339	173,682,304	155,739,345	74,172,776

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 9

SALES TAX COLLECTIONS AS COMPARED TO TAX LEVY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Total Sales Tax Collections	Percent of Ad Valorem Tax Levy	Equivalent of Ad Valorem Tax Rate
2016	\$ 16,331,411	76.49%	0.35
2017	17,132,733	80.24%	0.36
2018	17,949,999	81.99%	0.34
2019	19,497,488	86.40%	0.34
2020	19,838,209	85.33%	0.33
2021	23,882,051	99.94%	0.36
2022	26,064,361	108.84%	0.38
2023	27,720,904	115.89%	0.36
2024	27,410,743	111.14%	0.30
2025	29,132,659	118.78%	0.29

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 10

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>City of Rockwall</u>			<u>Overlapping Rates</u>	
	<u>M&O</u>	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>School</u>	<u>County</u>
2016	0.23420	0.2511	0.48530	1.4400	0.3959
2017	0.23860	0.2157	0.45430	1.4650	0.3759
2018	0.24540	0.1782	0.42360	1.4400	0.3498
2019	0.22290	0.1792	0.40210	1.4300	0.3284
2020	0.21959	0.1684	0.38799	1.3500	0.3250
2021	0.21540	0.1546	0.37000	1.3100	0.3131
2022	0.20542	0.14458	0.35000	1.2736	0.3131
2023	0.17200	0.1205	0.29250	1.2146	0.3131
2024	0.167945	0.1023	0.270245	1.0192	0.2760
2025	0.162053	0.0854	0.24745	1.0669	0.2510

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 11

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Taxpayer	2025			2016		
	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
SWBC RW2, LP	\$ 93,439,142	1	0.93%	\$ -	-	-
Capital Boulevard LLC (Lollicup USA)	90,514,204	2	0.90%	-	-	-
Rockwall Regional Hospital, LLP	85,076,598	3	0.85%	38,153,080	4	0.89%
Channel Corporation	79,605,231	4	0.79%	-	-	-
Ablon at Harbor Village	67,684,881	5	0.68%	-	-	-
CTO23 Rockwall LLC	59,000,000	6	0.59%	55,675,990	2	1.30%
Whitmore Manufacturing CO	58,192,081	7	0.58%	31,915,670	6	0.74%
Star Hubbard LLC	54,175,000	8	0.54%	49,072,130	3	1.14%
SPR Packaging	52,594,787	9	0.52%	-	-	-
Allen Foods/Bimbo Bakeries	47,193,717	10	0.47%	73,074,930	1	1.70%
Stag Rockwall (Pratt)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bella Harbor Hotel Venture, LLC	-	-	-	28,994,250	7	0.67%
Rockwall Crossing LTD	-	-	-	32,206,820	5	0.75%
Continental Pet Technology	-	-	-	24,164,040	9	0.56%
Rockwall Dunhill LLC	-	-	-	24,831,260	8	0.58%
Oncor Electric Delivery Services	-	-	-	24,097,740	10	0.56%
Subtotal	<u>687,475,641</u>		<u>6.86%</u>	<u>382,185,910</u>		<u>8.89%</u>
Total Taxable Value	<u>\$ 10,027,241,584</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 4,298,445,861</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

Source: Rockwall Central Appraisal District

Note: Includes real property and business personal property for each entity

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 12

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Total Tax Levy	Total Current Year Collections	Percent of Levy Collected During Fiscal Period	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2016	2015	\$ 20,692,460	\$ 20,538,371	99.26%	\$ 139,812	\$ 20,678,183	99.93%
2017	2016	21,352,329	21,119,819	98.91%	219,158	21,338,977	99.94%
2018	2017	21,891,646	21,663,720	98.96%	213,421	21,877,141	99.93%
2019	2018	22,566,798	22,340,361	99.00%	211,792	22,552,153	99.94%
2020	2019	23,248,322	22,948,773	98.71%	281,640	23,230,412	99.92%
2021	2020	23,895,218	23,656,204	99.00%	215,013	23,871,217	99.90%
2022	2021	23,947,076	23,615,341	98.61%	290,742	23,906,083	99.83%
2023	2022	23,919,408	23,796,143	99.48%	65,275	23,861,418	99.76%
2024	2023	24,663,339	24,420,149	99.01%	159,447	24,579,596	99.66%
2025	2024	24,525,860	24,387,064	99.43%	-	24,387,064	99.43%

Source: City of Rockwall, Texas

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 13

TOP TEN WATER CUSTOMERS

CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO
(UNAUDITED)

Customer	2025			2016		
	Water Usage	Rank	Percentage of Total Water Usage	Water Usage	Rank	Percentage of Total Water Usage
Rockwall I.S.D.	107,847,170	1	2.11%	23,678,400	2	0.84%
City of Rockwall	54,356,700	2	1.07%	44,226,900	1	1.56%
North Star Builders LLC	19,607,110	3	0.38%	-	-	-
Astrochef, Inc DBA Pegasus Foods	18,584,100	4	0.36%	17,925,600	-	-
Star Hubbard LLC	18,360,100	5	0.36%	16,590,900	4	0.59%
S2 Canyon Ridge	17,431,100	6	0.34%	12,670,000	7	0
Continental Pet Technology	15,515,400	7	0.30%	12,014,000	3	0.63%
923 Yellowjacket LLC	15,469,500	8	0.30%	-	6	0.45%
BRP CP Pebble Property	12,768,800	9	0.25%	-	10	0.36%
NHC Master Tenant LLC	11,992,100	10	0.24%	10,229,600	-	0.00%
Excel Rockwall, L.P.	-	-	-	13,147,400	5	0.47%
Allen Foods Bakeries LLC	-	-	-	11,396,700	8	0.40%
PA Harbor Retail	-	-	-	9,141,200	9	0.32%
Subtotal	<u>291,932,080</u>		<u>5.72%</u>	<u>171,020,700</u>		<u>6.05%</u>
Total Water Usage	<u>5,101,741,000</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	<u>2,826,162,420</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 14

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Discounts and Premiums	Lease Obligations	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Lease Obligations	Discounts and Premiums			
2016	\$ 90,400,000	\$ 8,580,000	\$ 1,709,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,230,000	\$ 4,571,724	\$ 2,907,590	\$139,399,198	6.17%	3,406
2017	85,235,000	7,705,000	1,597,726	-	19,830,000	8,910,000	4,233,385	2,750,454	130,261,565	5.37%	3,093
2018	79,880,000	7,020,000	1,485,568	-	18,705,000	7,565,000	3,881,713	2,312,754	120,850,035	4.70%	2,762
2019	73,500,000	6,305,000	1,373,410	-	16,700,000	6,995,000	3,508,374	2,014,431	110,396,215	4.06%	2,480
2020	67,380,000	5,735,000	1,261,252	-	14,720,000	6,395,000	3,454,998	1,716,108	100,662,358	3.59%	2,236
2021	61,765,000	5,145,000	1,149,094	-	12,655,000	5,995,000	2,997,998	1,417,785	91,124,877	3.07%	1,992
2022	55,920,000	4,530,000	1,036,936	1,101,047	10,490,000	5,575,000	2,484,998	1,119,463	82,257,444	2.44%	1,729
2023	72,545,000	760,000	2,944,397	1,139,307	8,670,000	19,860,000	1,965,009	1,921,495	109,805,208	2.83%	2,146
2024	64,525,000	680,000	2,762,818	3,974,050	6,770,000	18,935,000	1,965,009	1,565,257	101,177,134	2.47%	1,913
2025	57,320,000	595,000	2,581,239	3,631,579	4,780,000	17,965,000	830,000	1,209,022	88,911,840	2.11%	1,663

Note: See Table 20 for personal income and population data
Debt is shown gross of deferred amounts

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 15

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Governmental and Business Type Activities				Less: Debt Service Fund Balance	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	Per Capita
	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Obligation	Gross Bonded Debt	Unamortized Premium (Discount)				
2016	\$ 90,400,000	\$ 39,810,000	\$ 130,210,000	\$ 1,709,884	\$ 2,201,438	\$ 129,718,446	3.01%	3,169
2017	105,065,000	16,615,000	121,680,000	1,597,726	3,828,849	119,448,877	2.53%	2,836
2018	98,585,000	14,585,000	113,170,000	1,485,568	3,284,407	111,371,161	2.12%	2,546
2019	90,200,000	13,300,000	103,500,000	3,387,841	4,636,663	102,251,178	1.79%	2,297
2020	82,100,000	12,130,000	94,230,000	2,977,360	5,456,791	91,750,569	1.52%	2,038
2021	74,420,000	11,140,000	85,560,000	2,566,879	7,348,264	80,778,615	1.23%	1,766
2022	66,410,000	10,105,000	76,515,000	2,156,399	9,252,898	69,418,501	1.01%	1,459
2023	81,215,000	20,620,000	101,835,000	4,865,892	5,461,742	101,239,150	1.31%	1,978
2024	71,975,000	19,615,000	91,590,000	4,328,075	5,693,119	90,224,956	0.97%	1,706
2025	62,100,000	18,560,000	80,660,000	3,790,261	6,592,395	77,857,866	0.78%	1,456

Note: See Table 20 for population data and Table 9 for property value data
Deferred amounts include unamortized premium (discount) and loss on refunding

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 16

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2025
(UNAUDITED)

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding (1)</u>	<u>Percentage Applicable to the City of Rockwall (2)</u>	<u>Amounts Applicable to the City of Rockwall</u>
Direct:			
City of Rockwall - debt repaid with property taxes	\$ <u>64,127,818</u>	100.00%	\$ <u>64,127,818</u>
Indirect:			
Rockwall Independent School District	919,218,985	52.20%	479,832,310
Royse City Independent School District	689,014,290	0.10%	689,014
Rockwall County	<u>123,500,000</u>	49.00%	<u>60,515,000</u>
Total Indirect	<u>1,731,733,275</u>		<u>541,036,324</u>
Total Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	<u>\$ 1,795,861,093</u>		<u>\$ 605,164,142</u>
Average debt per capita			<u>\$ 11,317</u>

Source: Municipal Advisory Council of Texas Annual Report

- (1) Includes all Governmental Activities General Obligation Bonds, Contractual Obligations, Certificates of Obligation and Leases
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of each governmental unit's taxable value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 17

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

The City of Rockwall, Texas does not have a legal debt limit prescribed by state law. However, Article XI, Section 5 of the Texas Constitution applicable to cities of more than 5,000 population limits ad valorem tax rates to \$2.50 per \$100 assessed valuation for cities operating under a Home Rule Charter. Accordingly, the City's tax margin for the previous ten years was:

	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Maximum Rate	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Total Tax Rate	0.24745	0.270245	0.2925	0.35	0.37	0.38799	0.4021	0.4236	0.4543	0.4853
Legal Debt Margin	<u>2.25255</u>	<u>2.2298</u>	<u>2.2075</u>	<u>2.1500</u>	<u>2.1300</u>	<u>2.1120</u>	<u>2.0979</u>	<u>2.0764</u>	<u>2.0457</u>	<u>2.0147</u>

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 18

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Total Revenues	Direct Operating Expense	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service
2016	\$ 23,406,369	\$ 15,252,009	\$ 8,154,360
2017	26,262,806	17,163,431	9,099,375
2018	28,850,782	18,680,374	10,170,408
2019	31,813,449	24,104,087	7,709,362
2020	35,686,656	27,091,220	8,595,436
2021	36,031,909	28,051,932	7,979,977
2022	39,984,083	31,845,812	8,138,271
2023	40,833,384	35,382,047	5,451,337
2024	46,460,090	39,160,192	7,299,898
2025	43,268,876	42,576,321	692,555

Note: Direct operating expenses excludes depreciation

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 19

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

DEMOGRAPHICS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) (3)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	RISD School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (%) (3)
2016	41,519	\$ 2,309,577	\$ 55,627	15,512	3.1
2017	42,120	2,424,806	57,569	15,822	3.7
2018	43,750	2,568,869	58,717	16,295	3.3
2019	44,520	2,715,854	61,003	16,587	3.1
2020	45,010	2,801,287	62,237	17,007	5.8
2021	45,740	2,970,493	64,943	16,987	3.9
2022	47,579	3,370,163	70,833	17,926	3.1
2023	51,171	3,881,832	75,860	18,384	2.8
2024	52,882	4,088,149	77,307	18,798	4.0
2025	53,474	4,213,056	78,787	19,235	3.5

Source: (1) Bureau of Economic Analysis
(2) Rockwall Independent School District - private schools not included
(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 20

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO
(UNAUDITED)

Employer	2025			2016		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Rockwall Independent School District	2,297	1	7.60%	1,546	1	7.08%
Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital	700	2	2.32%	600	2	2.75%
L-3 Harris Technologies	700	3	2.32%	150	8	0.69%
Channell Commercial	696	4	2.30%	-	-	-
Pegasus Foods	480	5	1.59%	-	-	-
Wal-Mart Superstore	450	6	1.49%	450	3	2.06%
Rockwall County	383	7	1.27%	307	4	1.41%
City of Rockwall	353	8	1.17%	262	6	1.20%
Texas Star Express	-	-	-	300	5	1.37%
Karat by Lollicup USA	260	9	0.86%	-	-	-
Pratt Industries	200	10	0.66%	-	-	-
Bimbo Bakeries	-	-	-	134	10	0.61%
Special Products Manufacturing	-	-	-	168	7	0.77%
Home Depot	-	-	-	140	9	0.64%
Subtotal	<u>6,519</u>		<u>21.57%</u>	<u>4,057</u>		<u>18.57%</u>
Total	<u>30,227</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	<u>21,850</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

Sources: Rockwall Economic Development Corporation
North Central Texas Council of Governments

18.57%

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 21

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Administration	29	28	28	26	27	27	28	27	27	27
Finance	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5
Municipal Court	4.5	4.5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire	66	66	54	51	51	39	36	29	29	26
Police	124	123	120	117	109	109	108	105	103	102
Community Development	21	21	21	20	20	20	21	20	20	19
Parks & Recreation	38	36	36	35	34	34	30	30	30	30
Public Works	23	23	23	22	21	21	21	21	21	21
Water/Sewer	<u>42</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>33</u>
Total	<u>353.0</u>	<u>349.0</u>	<u>335.5</u>	<u>324.5</u>	<u>314.5</u>	<u>302.5</u>	<u>295.5</u>	<u>280.5</u>	<u>276.5</u>	<u>268.5</u>

Source: City of Rockwall, Texas

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 22

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)**

Function	FISCAL YEAR									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Finance										
Invoices processed	10,485	11,708	11,148	10,986	11,128	12,290	12,987	12,613	12,940	12,286
Payroll checks issued	13,494	13,128	13,092	12,692	11,757	11,733	11,875	11,476	12,044	11,213
Purchase orders issued	1,830	2,362	2,245	2,518	2,163	2,311	2,437	2,480	2,389	2,141
Municipal Court										
Violations Processed	8,244	5,929	5,202	4,798	5,543	5,690	8,136	10,570	12,124	11,171
Fire										
Employees (paid)	66	66	54	51	51	39	36	30	29	26
Volunteers	7	7	9	14	20	32	32	32	38	48
Fire Calls (City and County)	4,568	4,669	4,475	4,485	2,930	2,715	2,672	2,496	1,684	1,240
* FY18 includes initial year of First Responder Program calls										
Police										
Employees (uniformed)	101	97	95	92	85	85	84	82	81	79
Employees (civilian)	23	26	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	24
Calls for Service*	25,263	25,512	22,109	17,931	18,575	17,171	18,435	16,676	18,101	17,553
Community Development										
# permits - New commercial construction	24	31	45	20	12	19	21	16	20	16
Value - New commercial construction	\$ 69,403,554	\$ 180,882,198	\$ 335,362,311	\$ 63,581,000	\$ 47,101,200	\$ 46,943,066	\$ 148,369,487	\$ 80,969,465	\$ 107,317,132	\$ 34,712,638
# permits - New residential construction	525	261	162	309	454	332	297	341	370	341
Value - New residential construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$ 79,618,273	\$ 84,226,817	\$ 80,982,059
Parks & Recreation										
The Center facility usage	64,974	34,885	33,525	31,500	22,250	6,575	25,000	48,052	47,759	46,946
Special event attendance	111,500	122,400	117,300	104,170	94,700	39,020	148,775	90,200	89,450	86,150
# recreation participants (youth & adult)	13,040	13,955	12,942	12,306	11,420	2,989	11,397	8,716	5,600	5,433

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 22

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Function	FISCAL YEAR									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Public Works										
Streets - sq yd concrete street repair	9,598	8,286	6,810	3,957	3,713	5,002	6,320	2,248	1,264	1,263
\$ spent on concrete/asphalt street repair	\$ 2,745,085	\$ 2,369,857	\$ 1,947,767	\$ 1,131,734	\$ 804,602	\$ 1,780,215	\$ 2,482,129	\$ 1,015,920	\$ 834,308	\$ 749,128
Miles of public street maintained by City*	262.68	254.52	252.85	251.20	230.30	225.99	225.99	225.99	218.45	215.81
Water/Sewer										
Water customers	18,821	18,325	18,060	17,797	17,513	16,861	16,506	16,296	15,902	15,557
Sewer customers	15,585	15,359	15,213	14,945	14,553	14,131	13,802	13,583	13,212	12,944
Average daily water consumption (gal)	12,623,162	13,324,560	12,789,227	11,869,009	10,734,044	10,898,274	9,544,744	7,746,687	7,826,181	5,595,421
Peak daily water consumption (gal)	22,717,273	25,942,998	31,876,280	24,474,168	19,016,806	22,031,522	20,877,020	20,871,860	16,631,760	16,342,090
Maximum storage capacity (gal)	13,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000	13,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000

Source: City departments

Note: Operating indicators are not available for Mayor/Council and Administration functions.

n/a - Data not available

Note: Miles of streets FY 2016 of 284 included city, state and private

Note: Residential Permit Values can no longer be accumulated per Texas Legislature as of FY2019

CITY OF ROCKWALL, TEXAS

TABLE 23

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(UNAUDITED)

Function	Fiscal Year									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Fire										
Number of stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of fire engines/trucks	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	13
Police										
Number of stations	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of patrol units	55	55	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Parks & Recreation										
Parks acres (developed/undeveloped)	909	850	753	702	645	620	620	620	620	598
Playgrounds	30	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	26
Picnic areas	41	40	40	39	39	38	38	37	37	35
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water/Sewer										
Water mains (miles)	380.14	370.18	368.14	363.02	345.75	341.96	334.27	323.61	318.56	300.69
Sanitary sewer mains (miles)	307.39	298.63	293.18	288.73	284.05	273.36	268.88	255.22	251.66	237.13

Source: City departments

Notes: Asset indicators are not available for Mayor/Council, Administration, Finance, Municipal Court, and Community Development functions.

n/a - data not available



City of Rockwall